Name	Period

#### Ch 8.1: Life is Cellular

- 1. What is the name of the man who coined the term "cells"? When did he do so?
- 2. Who was Anton van Leeuwenhoek? When did he do his work?
- 3. Define *cell*.
- 4. What does the Cell Theory state?

- 5. To what kinds of cells does the cell theory apply?
- 6. How do microscopes work?
- 7. What is the approximate maximum magnification of a light microscope?
- 8. What is the approximate scale of the smallest objects viewable by an electron microscope?

### Reading Guide Packet: Ch 8: Cell Structure & Function

Biology A

9. What's the difference between *prokaryote* and *eukaryote* cells?

#### Ch 8.2: Cell Structure

- 10. What is *cytoplasm*?
- 11. What is an organelle?
- 12. What is the function of the nucleus?
- 13. What happens on ribosomes?
- 14. What kinds of proteins are made and modified on the rough ER?
- 15. What is the function of the Golgi apparatus?
- 16. What organelles store materials?

## **Reading Guide Packet: Ch 8: Cell Structure & Function** Biology A

- 17. What organelles are the "cleanup crew"?
- 18. What is the function of the cytoskeleton?
- 19. What 2 organelles capture and release energy?
- 20. What kinds of cells have a cell wall?
- 21. What is the function of the cell membrane?
- 22. Define *selectively permeable*.

# Ch 8.3: Cell Transport

- 23. What is *homeostasis*?
- 24. What is *passive transport*? What types of cell transport are passive?

# Reading Guide Packet: Ch 8: Cell Structure & Function

Biology A

- 25. How do particles move in the process of *diffusion*?
- 26. How is *facilitated diffusion* different from simple *diffusion*?
- 27. How is osmosis different from other types of facilitated diffusion?

28. Define:

- a. Isotonic
- b. Hypertonic
- c. Hypotonic
- 29. What is osmotic pressure driven by?
- 30. What is active transport?
- 31. How is *bulk transport* different from *molecular transport*?

## **Reading Guide Packet: Ch 8: Cell Structure & Function** Biology A

### Ch 8.4: Homeostasis & Cells

- 32. How do single-celled organisms maintain homeostasis?
- 33. How do cells in multicellular organisms differ from single-celled organisms?
- 34. List the levels of organization in multicellular organisms, from smallest to largest.
- 35. How do cells in multicellular organisms communicate?

36. What is a receptor?