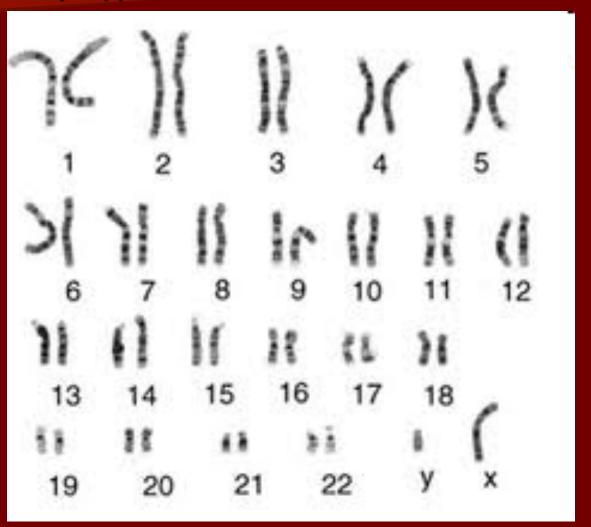
Ch 15.1: Human Chromosomes

Essential questions:

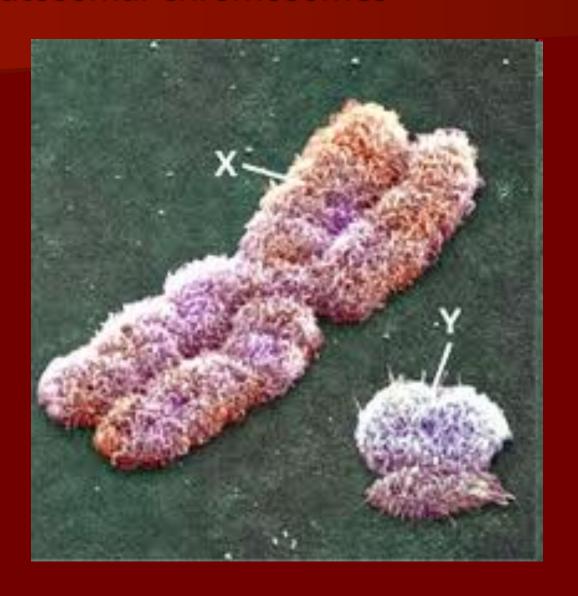
- ■How are human karyotypes used?
- What patterns of inheritance do human traits follow?
- How can pedigrees be used to analyze human inheritance?

Karyotypes

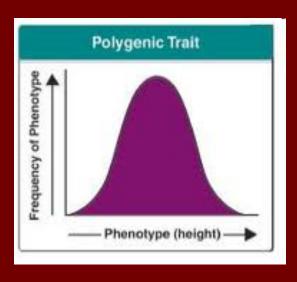
- Genome
- Karyotype

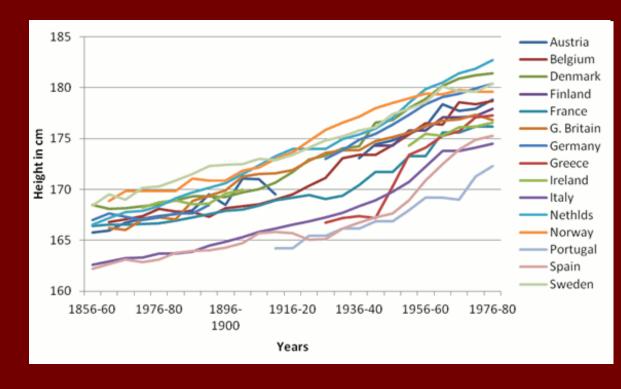


- Sex chromosomes
- Autosomal chromosomes



- Transmission of Human Traits
 - Dominant & recessive alleles
 - Codominant & multiple alleles
 - Many traits influenced by environment





Human Genes

- Blood Group Genes
 - Rh group + dominant, recess.
 - ABO group
 - -3 alleles I_A I_B i
 - first 2 are codominant
 - I_AI_B = type AB
 - $I_A I_A$ or $I_A i = type A$
 - I_BI_B or I_Bi = type B
 - ii = type O
 - Universal donor Type O
 - Universal recipient Type AB

- Sex-linked inheritence
 - Sex-linked gene
- X-chromosome inactivation

Copyright @ The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. Permission required for reproduction or display. Coats of tortoiseshell active X chromosome cats have patches of orange and black. allele for orange color inactive X Barr bodies cell division inactive X allele for black color active X chromosome One X chromosome is inactivated in Females have two each cell. Which one is by chance. X chromosomes.

Human Pedigrees

