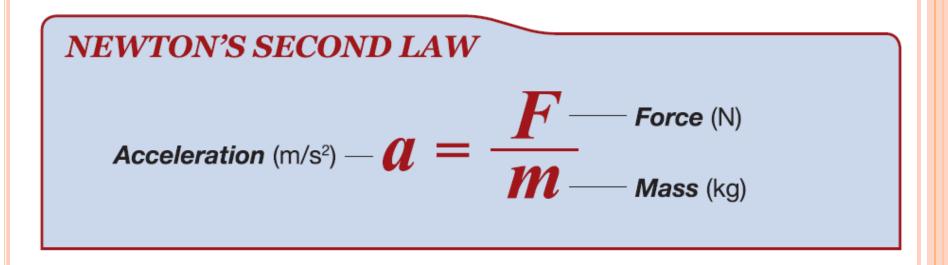
• The acceleration caused by a net force is directly proportional to the force and inversely proportional to the mass.



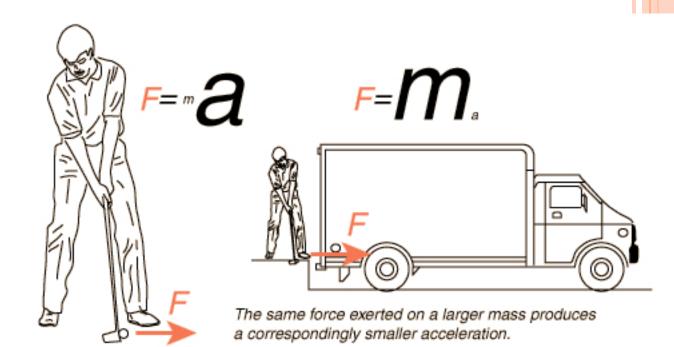
### • Force is *directly proportional* to acceleration.

#### What it means to say "Acceleration is proportional to force."

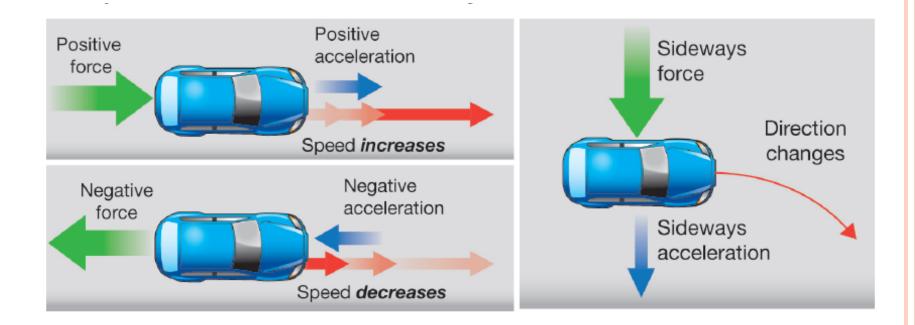
Acceleration Force Mass 1 kg 1 newton 1 m/s<sup>2</sup> 1 kg 2 newtons 2 m/s<sup>2</sup> 1 kg 0.5 newton  $0.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ 

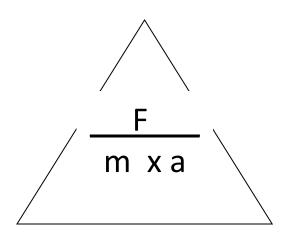
If twice the force is applied, the acceleration is twice as great. Acceleration is inversely proportional to mass.

An object with twice the mass will have half the acceleration if the same force is applied.



# Acceleration is always in the same direction as the net force.





Formula for acceleration
a = F/m

Formula for forceF=(m)(a)

• Formula for mass • m = F/a • Just give the equation

 A boy gets pushed on a sled with a force of \_\_\_\_\_N. The boy and the sled together have a mass of \_\_\_\_\_\_kg. Ignoring friction, what is the acceleration of the boy on the sled?

• a= F/m



- A boy gets pushed on a sled with a force of 120 N. The boy and the sled together have a mass of 60 kg. Ignoring friction, what is the acceleration of the boy on the sled?
- a= F/m
- a= 120 N/60 kg
- $a = 2 m/s^2$

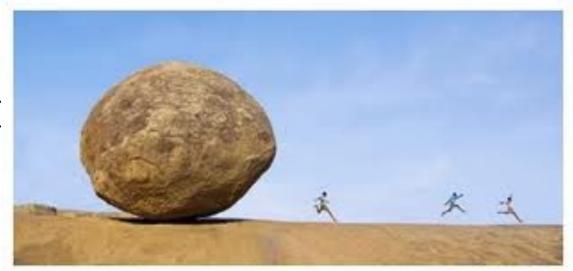




- Just give the equation
- A rock with a mass of \_\_\_\_\_ kg is accelerating at the rate of \_\_\_\_\_ m/s<sup>2</sup> How much force does it have?

• F = (m)(a)

- A rock with a mass of 500 kg is accelerating at the rate of 2 m/s<sup>2</sup> How much force does it have?
- F = (m)(a)
- F= (500 kg)(2 m/s<sup>2</sup>) • F= 1,000 N



• Just give the equation

• A person lifts a barbell above his head with an acceleration of \_\_\_\_\_ m/s<sup>2</sup>. The barbell exerts a force of \_\_\_\_\_ N. What is the mass of the barbell?

 $\circ$  m = F/a



• A person lifts a barbell above his head with an acceleration of 2 m/s<sup>2</sup>. The barbell exerts a force of 400 N. What is the mass of the barbell?

 $\circ$  m = F/a

- $\circ$  m= 400 / 2
- m = 200 kg



•What is the force of a \_\_\_\_\_ kg sandbag in <u>a free fall?</u>

 $\circ F = (m)(a)$ 



•What is the force of a 500 kg sandbag in <u>a free fall?</u>

$$\circ$$
 F = (m)(a)

 $\circ$  F = (500 kg)(9.8 m/s<sup>2</sup>)

 $\circ F = 4900 N$ 



## WHICH CART WILL ACCELERATE MORE?

1. A cart pushed by a toddler. (The toddeler is pushing as hard as he can.)

2. The same cart pushed by a body builder. (The body builder is pushing as hard as he can







- 1. The cart pushed by the body builder Why?
- More force = more acceleration

## WHEN PUSHED WITH THE SAME FORCE, WHICH CART WILL ACCELERATE MORE?

• Cart A





- Cart B • Why?
  - Greater mass = less acceleration