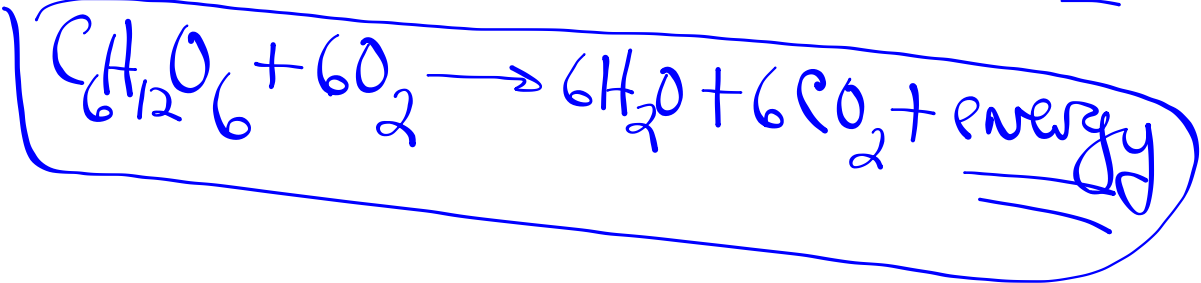
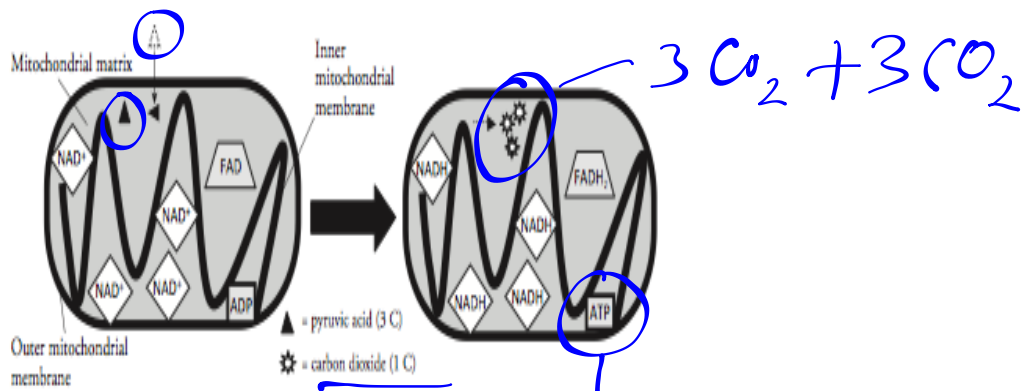


Cell. Respiration

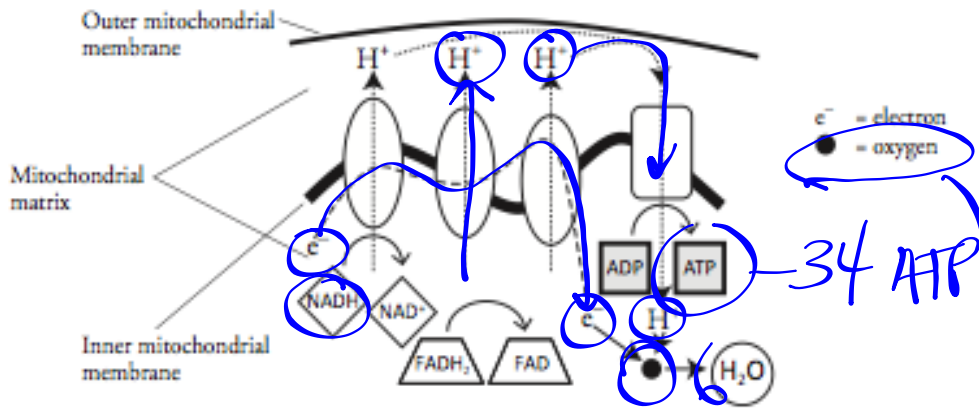
Glycolysis ANAEROBIC





Krebs Cycle

2



Elect. Transport Chain

AEROBIC

# Mutations

1. Gene
2. Chromosomal

— point mutations

— substitution —

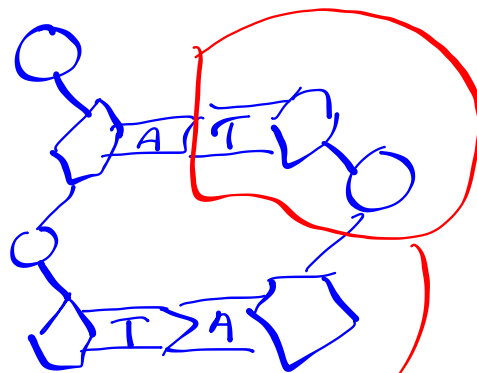
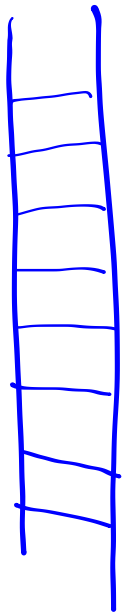
THE ~~FAT~~ CAT ATE THE RAT  
I

— deletion/duplication

THE | ~~FAT~~ | CAT | ATE | THE | RAT |  
↓ — FRAME SHIFT

THE FTC ATA TET HER AT  
EVERY A. acid after mutation  
is altered

# Double helix



nucleotide

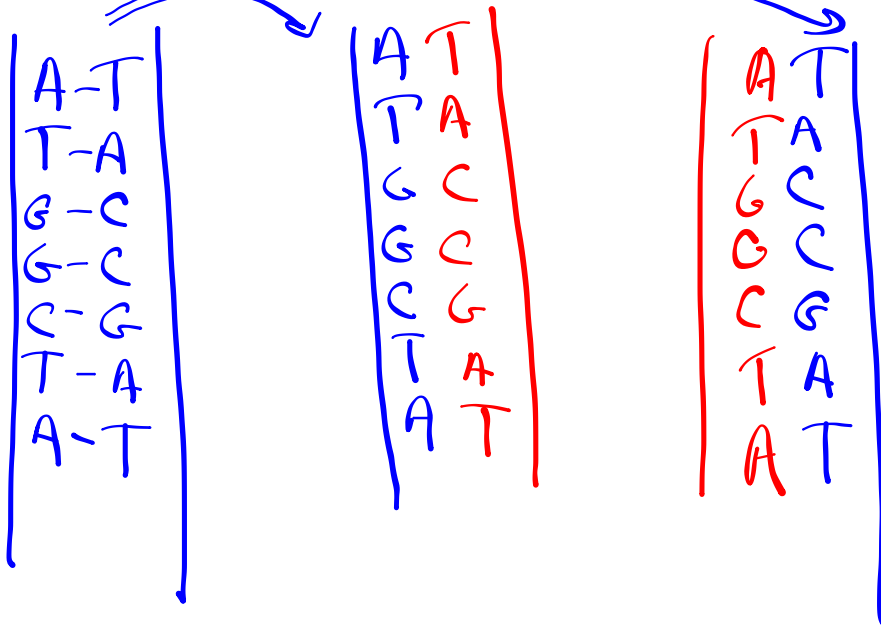
trisomy @ #21

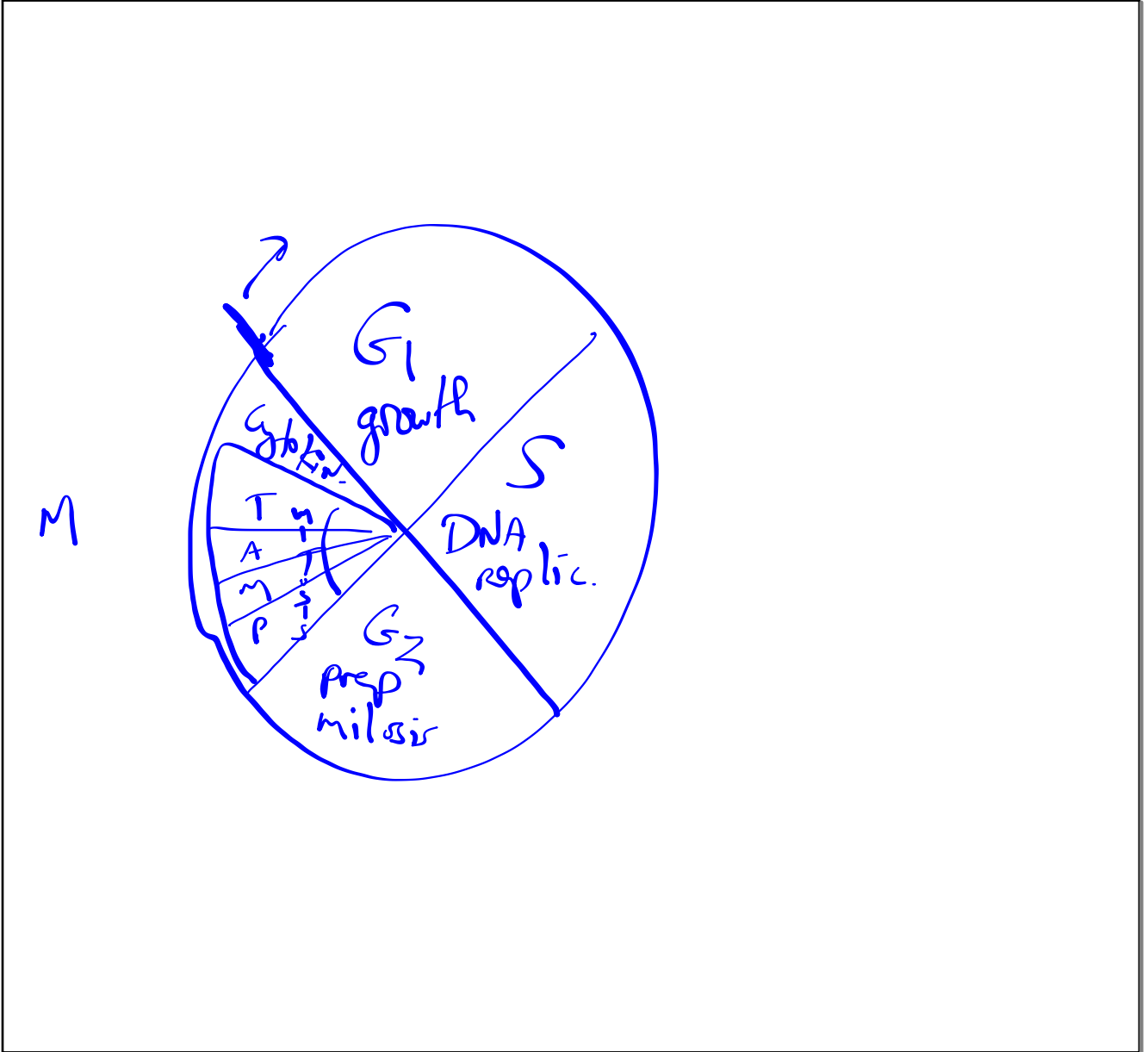
Down's syndrome

XXY - Klinefelter's syndrome

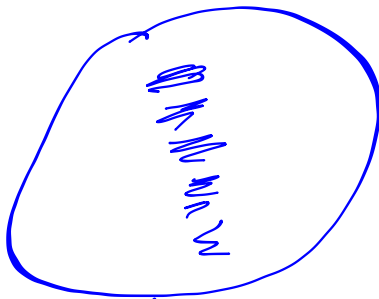
XO - Turner's "

DNA  
Replication:  
Semi-conservative

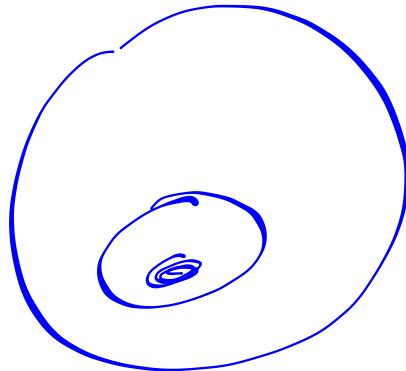




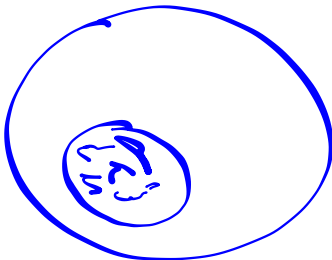




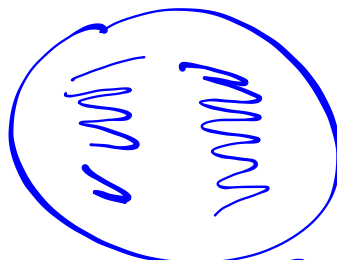
metaphase



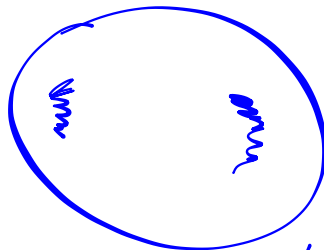
interphase



prophase



anaphase



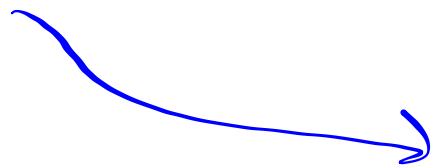
telophase

Transcription ↓

DNA makes RNA makes proteins

in nucleus

mRNA



translation

DNA makes RNA makes proteins

@ ribosome

A handwritten diagram illustrating the translation process. The word "translation" is written in blue cursive at the top left. A red arrow curves from the end of "translation" down to the right, pointing to a red oval that encloses the phrase "RNA makes proteins". Below this oval, the text "@ ribosome" is written in blue cursive, with "ribosome" underlined.

Solute in ENV.

Osmosis -  
diffusion of  $H_2O$

