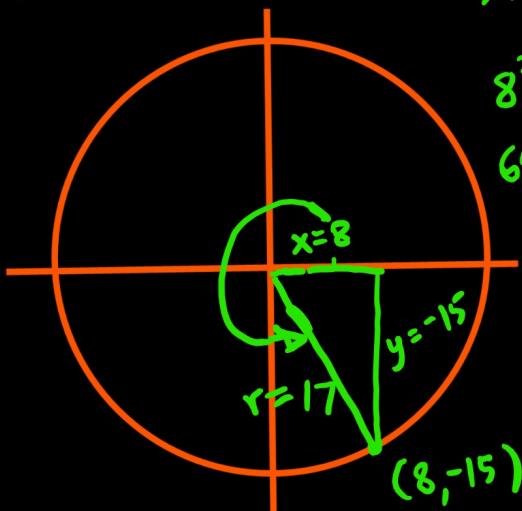


Section 5.2

The terminal side of θ passes through the point $(8, -15)$. Find the six trig function values of θ .



$$x^2 + y^2 = r^2$$

$$8^2 + (-15)^2 = r^2$$

$$64 + 225 = r^2$$

$$289 = r^2$$

$$r = \sqrt{289}$$

$$r = 17$$

If we're not on the unit then

$$\sin \theta = \frac{y}{r} \quad \csc \theta = \frac{r}{y}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{x}{r} \quad \sec \theta = \frac{r}{x}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x} \quad \cot \theta = \frac{x}{y}$$

$$\sin \theta = -\frac{15}{17}$$

$$\csc \theta = -\frac{17}{15}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{8}{17}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{17}{8}$$

$$\tan \theta = -\frac{15}{8}$$

$$\cot \theta = -\frac{8}{15}$$

II	I
$x < 0, y > 0$	$x > 0, y > 0$
$\sin \theta, \csc \theta +$	All +
$x < 0, y < 0$	$x > 0, y < 0$
$\tan \theta, \cot \theta +$	$\cos \theta, \sec \theta$
III	IV

$$\sin \theta > 0, \tan \theta < 0$$

Q II

$$\tan \theta > 0, \sec \theta < 0$$

Q III

Assignment

- 1) If $(-7, 24)$ lies on the terminal side of θ , find the six trig function values of θ .
- 2) If $(-3, -7)$ lies on the terminal side of θ , find the six trig function values of θ (Rationalize your denominators)

3) Determine which quadrant θ lies in:

- A) $\sin \theta < 0, \cos \theta > 0$
- B) $\cos \theta > 0, \tan \theta > 0$
- C) $\cos \theta < 0, \tan \theta > 0$
- D) $\csc \theta > 0, \cos \theta < 0$

4) Find exact values using your unit circle:

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| A) $\cos 420^\circ$ | E) $\sin \frac{9\pi}{4}$ |
| B) $\sin 390^\circ$ | F) $\csc \frac{9\pi}{2}$ |
| C) $\csc 450^\circ$ | G) $\cot \frac{17\pi}{4}$ |
| D) $\sec 420^\circ$ | H) $\sec \frac{25\pi}{6}$ |

$$4F) \csc \frac{9\pi}{2} \cdot \cancel{\frac{180}{180}} = \csc 810^\circ$$

$$\frac{-360}{450}$$

$$\frac{-360}{90}$$

$$= \csc 90^\circ = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{y}$$