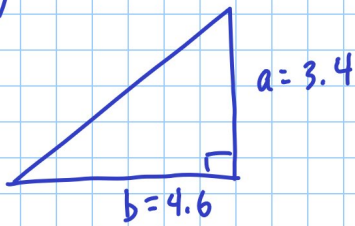


# WARMUP

What method would you use to solve each triangle?

1)



Solve CAH TOA

OR

Law of sines

2)  $a = 3.5$   $b = 6.3$   $c = 7.1$

Law of Cosines

3)  $a = 5.3$   $c = 7.5$   $\beta = 63^\circ$

Law of Cosines

4)  $\alpha = 38^\circ$   $\beta = 65^\circ$   $b = 6.3$

Law of Sines

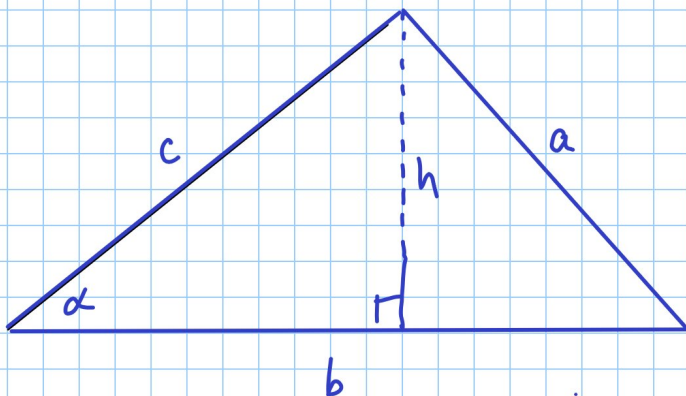
Today 7.4

Tomorrow work on prec. test

Wed. go over prec test and give PPP

Thurs. go over PPP

Fri. Ch 7 test



$$A = \frac{1}{2} bh$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin \alpha$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} ac \sin \beta$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin \gamma$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{h}{c}$$

$$c \sin \alpha = h$$

ex: Find area if  $a=8$ ,  $b=6$ ,  $\gamma=30^\circ$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin \gamma$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 8 \cdot 6 \cdot \sin 30^\circ$$

$$A = 12$$

Heron's Formula  $\Rightarrow$  use if SSS

$$A = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$\text{where } s = \frac{1}{2}(a+b+c)$$

ex:  $a=4$ ,  $b=5$ ,  $c=7$

$$s = \frac{1}{2}(4+5+7) = 8$$

$$A = \sqrt{8(8-4)(8-5)(8-7)}$$

$$A = \sqrt{8 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 1}$$

$$A = \sqrt{96} \approx 9.8$$

p561

3, 7, 11, 23, 27