Reminder: Tomorrow - 12 Quiz (2 test)

Today & Overview of Inference

→ Signiff Tosis - Video 1

- Video 2 less stly

→ make Your Own Inference Organizer

-> Select the best procedure - Name That Test

Look at A Significance Test Flowchart While You Watch Make Your OWN

Inference Organizer

(to include formulas)

-> Using just your formula sheet

as a reference

> Make Draft # I really large

minutes

-> Landscape

Smaller final draft
| later down the line

Name of procedure (also leave space for Calculator App Name)

Symbols for parameter & Statistic

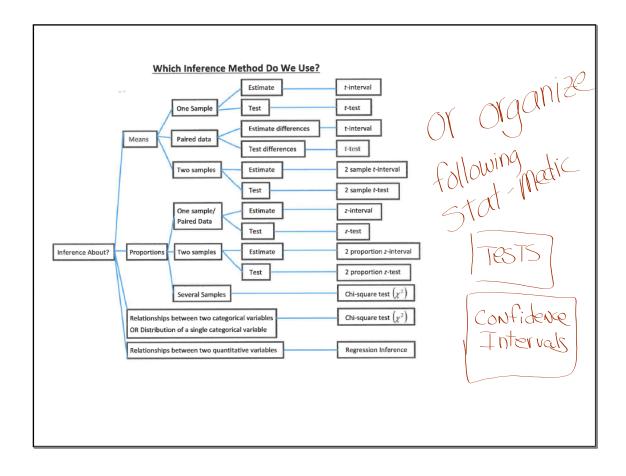
Leave space for CI or Test statistic

Sample size condition?

f March 03, 2020

One-sample 2 Interval (for P)
(1-Prop 2 Int)

One-sample 2 test (for P)
(1-Prop 2 Test)



See Textbook, page T-18 For calculator APP Names

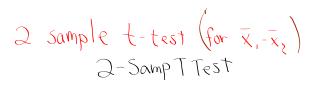
## Name That Test

and try to write the official name of the test as well

- 1. The anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) is one of the ligaments that help stabilize the knee. Surgery is often recommended if the ACL is completely torn, and recovery time from the surgery can be lengthy. A medical center developed a new surgical procedure designed to reduce the average recovery time from the surgery. To test the effectiveness of the new procedure, a study was conducted in which 210 patients needing surgery to repair a torn ACL were randomly assigned to receive either the standard procedure or the new procedure.
  - (a) Based on the design of the study, would a statistically significant result allow the medical center to conclude that the new procedure causes a reduction in recovery time compared to the standard procedure, for patients similar to those in the study? Explain your answer.
  - (b) Summary statistics on the recovery times from the surgery are shown in the table.

Type of Sample Procedure Size Standard 110		Mean Recovery Time (days)	Standard Deviation Recovery Time (days)	
		217		
New	100	186	29	

Do the data provide convincing statistical evidence that those who receive the new procedure will have less recovery time from the surgery, on average, than those who receive the standard procedure, for patients similar to those in the study?

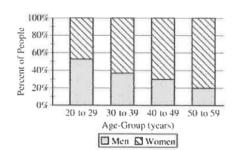


- 2. The manager of a local fast-food restaurant is concerned about customers who ask for a water cup when placing an order but fill the cup with a soft drink from the beverage fountain instead of filling the cup with water. The manager selected a random sample of 80 customers who asked for a water cup when placing an order and found that 23 of those customers filled the cup with a soft drink from the beverage fountain.
  - (a) Construct and interpret a 95 percent confidence interval for the proportion of all customers who, having asked for a water cup when placing an order, will fill the cup with a soft drink from the beverage fountain.

7-sample 2 interval (for p) 1-Prop 2 Int 3. The table and the bar chart below summarize the age at diagnosis, in years, for a random sample of 207 men and women currently being treated for schizophrenia.

Age-Group (years)

	20 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	Total
Women	46	40	21	12	119
Men	53	23	9	3	88
Total	99	63	30	15	207



Do the data provide convincing statistical evidence of an association between age-group and gender in the diagnosis of schizophrenia?

Cht-Square Test of Independence 
$$\chi^2$$
-Test

4. A researcher conducted a medical study to investigate whether taking a low-dose aspirin reduces the chance of developing colon cancer. As part of the study, 1,000 adult volunteers were randomly assigned to one of two groups. Half of the volunteers were assigned to the experimental group that took a low-dose aspirin each day, and the other half were assigned to the control group that took a placebo each day. At the end of six years, 15 of the people who took the low-dose aspirin had developed colon cancer and 26 of the people who took the placebo had developed colon cancer. At the significance level α = 0.05, do the data provide convincing statistical evidence that taking a low-dose aspirin each day would reduce the chance of developing colon cancer among all people similar to the volunteers?

2 sample Z test (for Pi-Pz) 2-PropZTesT 5. A polling agency showed the following two statements to a random sample of 1,048 adults in the United States.

Environment statement: Protection of the environment should be given priority over economic growth.

Economy statement: Economic growth should be given priority over protection of the environment.

The order in which the statements were shown was randomly selected for each person in the sample. After reading the statements, each person was asked to choose the statement that was most consistent with his or her opinion. The results are shown in the table.

	Environment Statement	Economy Statement	No Preference	
Percent of sample	58%	37%	5%	

(a) Assume the conditions for inference have been met. Construct and interpret a 95 percent confidence interval for the proportion of all adults in the United States who would have chosen the <u>economy statement</u>.

> 1 sample 2-Interval (for p) 1-Prop 2 Int

A researcher conducted a study to investigate whether local car dealers tend to charge women more than men for the same car model. Using information from the county tax collector's records, the researcher randomly selected one man and one woman from among everyone who had purchased the same model of an identically equipped car from the same dealer. The process was repeated for a total of 8 randomly selected car models.

The purchase prices and the differences (woman - man) are shown in the table below. Summary statistics are

Car model	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Women	\$20,100	\$17,400	\$22,300	\$32,500	\$17,710	\$21,500	\$29,600	\$46,300
Men	\$19,580	\$17,500	\$21,400	\$32,300	\$17,720	\$20,300	\$28,300	\$45,630
Difference	\$520	-\$100	\$900	\$200	-\$10	\$1,200	\$1,300	\$670

	Mean	Standard Deviation
Women	\$25,926.25	\$9,846.61
Men	\$25,341.25	\$9,728.60
Difference	\$585.00	\$530.71

Dotplots of the data and the differences are shown below.

Purchase Price (in thousands of dollars)

Difference in Purchase Price (woman – man, in dollars)

Do the data provide convincing evidence that, on average, women pay more than men in the county for the same car model?

Parred t-test for Maite

T Interval

A survey organization conducted telephone interviews in December 2008 in which 1,009 randomly selected adults in the United States responded to the following question,

At the present time, do you think television commercials are an effective way to promote a new product?

Of the 1,009 adults surveyed, 676 responded "yes." In December 2007, 622 of 1,020 randomly selected adults in the United States had responded "yes" to the same question. Do the data provide convincing evidence that the proportion of adults in the United States who would respond "yes" to the question changed from December 2007 to December 2008?

2 sample 2 test (for Pi-Pz)

8. An environmental group conducted a study to determine whether crows in a certain region were ingesting food containing unhealthy levels of lead. A biologist classified lead levels greater than 6.0 parts per million (ppm) as unhealthy. The lead levels of a random sample of 23 crows in the region were measured and recorded. The data are shown in the stemplot below.

## Lead Levels

Key: 2|8 = 2.8 ppm

- (a) What proportion of crows in the sample had lead levels that are classified by the biologist as unhealthy?
- (b) The mean lead level of the 23 crows in the sample was 4.90 ppm and the standard deviation was 1.12 ppm. Construct and interpret a 95 percent confidence interval for the mean lead level of crows in the region.

1-Sample Z Interval (for P)

1-PropZInt

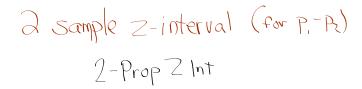
9. Windmills generate electricity by transferring energy from wind to a turbine. A study was conducted to examine the relationship between wind velocity in miles per hour (mph) and electricity production in amperes for one particular windmill. For the windmill, measurements were taken on twenty-five randomly selected days, and the computer output for the regression analysis for predicting electricity production based on wind velocity is given below. The regression model assumptions were checked and determined to be reasonable over the interval of wind speeds represented in the data, which were from 10 miles per hour to 40 miles per hour.

Predictor	Coef	SE Coef	T	P
Constant	0.137	0.126	1.09	0.289
Wind velocity	0.240	0.019	12.63	0.000
S = 0.237	R-Sq = 0.87	13	R-Sq (adj) :	= 0.868

(d) Is there statistically convincing evidence that electricity production by the windmill is related to wind velocity? Explain.



- Two treatments, A and B, showed promise for treating a potentially fatal disease. A randomized experiment was conducted to determine whether there is a significant difference in the survival rate between patients who receive treatment A and those who receive treatment B. Of 154 patients who received treatment A, 38 survived for at least 15 years, whereas 16 of the 164 patients who received treatment B survived at least 15 years.
  - (b) The conditions for inference have been met. Construct and interpret a 95 percent confidence interval for the difference between the proportion of the population who would survive at least 15 years if given treatment A and the proportion of the population who would survive at least 15 years if given treatment B.



f March 03, 2020

Assignment
Assignment on Inference

Do Part II

- → 12 MC QUESTIONS
- FRO ON Weight lifting