

Use the following Currency Exchange table to answer the questions below, Figure are based on the exchange of the US Dollar.

a diffe currency than USD

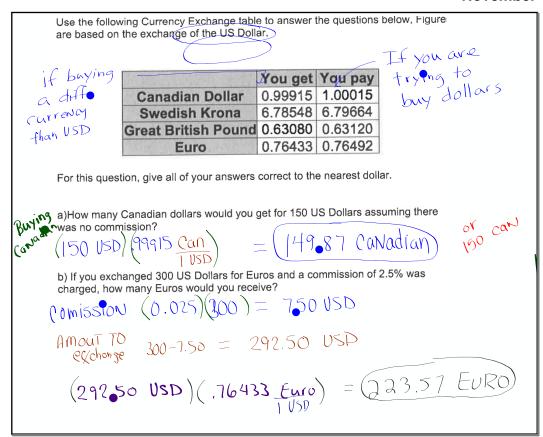
,		
You get	You pay	
0.99915	1.00015	
6.78548	6.79664	
0.63080	0.63120	
	0.76492	
	0.99915 6.78548 0.63080	

- If you are trying to buy dollars

For this question, give all of your answers correct to the nearest dollar.

a)How many Canadian dollars would you get for 150 US Dollars assuming there was no commission?

b) If you exchanged 300 US Dollars for Euros and a commission of 2.5% was charged, how many Euros would you receive?



	You get	
Canadian Dollar		1.00015
Swedish Krona	6.78548	6.79664
Great British Pound	0.63080	0.63120
Euro	0.76433	0.76492

c) How many USD will you get for the exchange 1000 Swedish Krona?

(1000 Krona) $\left(\frac{1 \text{ USD}}{6.79664 \text{ Krona}}\right) = \left(\frac{147,13 \text{ USD}}{147050}\right)^{147050}$

d) If you exchanged 10000 USD into GBP and then back again, how many GBP would you get back?

(10,000 USD) (0.63000 GBP) = 6308 GBP $(6308 GBP)(\frac{1 USP}{0.63170 GBP}) = (9,993.66)$



- () consider the geometric sequence: 2, 6, 18, 54....
 - a) what is the common ratio? _ b) List the next 3 terms _
 - 6) Calculate the 30th term (show work)
 - d) Find the sum of the first 10 terms, showing IB Nosation.

- 1 Find the 1th term formula, Un, for each sequence below
 - a) 7,14,28,
 - 6) 80, 86, 92, 98,
 - c) 90, 40, 20, ...
 - م) 5, -10, 20, -40

- 3) Find the sum of each sequence (showing work, etc.) of the first 11 terms.
 - a) 2000, 500, 125,
 - 6) 10,6,2,-2,...

4) A geometric sequence has U1=8 and U4=210. What is the common ratio? (show works)

and find the general term, Un.

and find 57

(a) 10 + 7 + 4 + -50

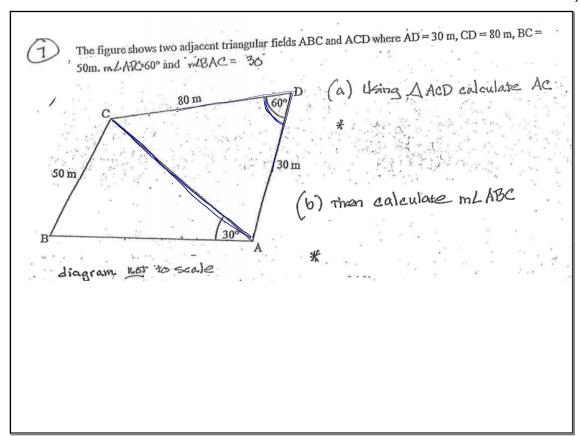
(b)
$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} + 1 + \dots + 64$$

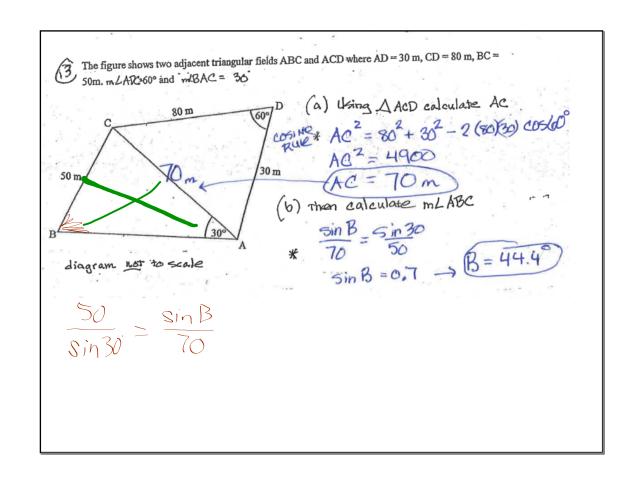
Find K given that a geometric sequence has consecutive terms of

$$\frac{1}{4}, \quad K, \quad K^{2}-1$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{K^{2}-1}{K}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{K^{2}-1}{K$$





(a) calculate the area of the field ACD.

Area =
$$\frac{1}{3}ab\sin C$$

= $\frac{1}{3}(80)(30)\sin (60)$

= 1039.23 m^2

= 1040 m^2 to nearest 3 sf.

Have your graphing calculator out.

You will be following a sequence of Steps.

Apply the geometric sequence formula to Financial Investing.

Type 1000

ENTER

this represents the amount of money you saved from a job

you then deposit it in a bank that pays 4' annual interest. You plan to invest this \$ for 8 years.

enter

X1.04

ENTER (8 times)

You have just calculated the future value of your initial investment. This amount is:

\$1,368.57

Instead, what if you invested your \$1000 at an annual interest rate of 6.5% for 11 years.

to get \$1,999.15
which means you almost doubled your money

Hold it, I meant 30 years at 7% (just kidding)

Because we are applying a constant percent over and over, we can write an exponential function

$$\frac{1}{A} = \frac{1}{A}$$

$$= \frac{1}{A$$

Money that grows in way is growing with interest compounded annually.

But Wait! Some banks pay you interest multiple times per year

for example: Semi-annually (twice a year)

this means your # is being compounded twice a year

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example. 8 annual interest

4 after six months

1000
$$(1 + \frac{8^{1/2}}{2})^{22}$$

11 years at

2 compo per year

1000 $(1+4^{1/2})^{22}$

1000 $(1+4^{1/2})^{22}$

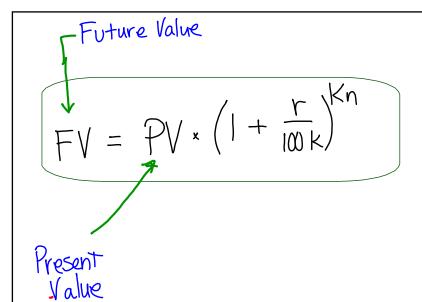
1000 $(1+04)^{22}$

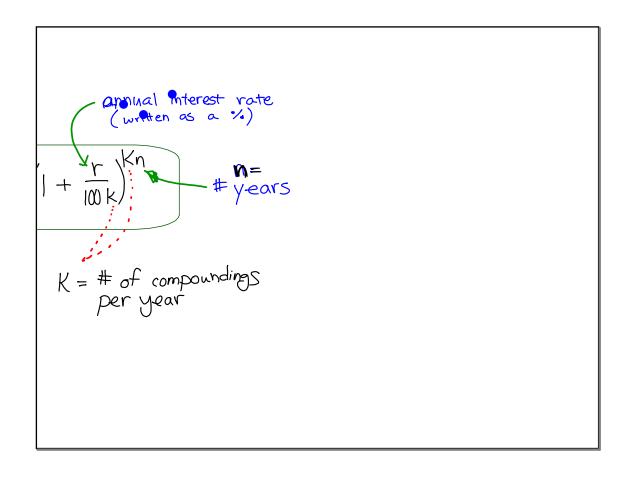
1000 $(1+04)^{22}$

Some banks pay
quarterly
monthly
semi-annually
annually
daily
continuously

$$r \sqrt{kn}$$

$$FV = PV \times \left(1 + \frac{r}{100 \, \text{k}}\right)^{\text{Kn}}$$





handout

_	7
1	_)
ı	1
_	_

Calculate the future value of the following situations.

a) \$800 invested at 5% interest for 3 years, compouned monthly

- b) \$15,000 at 2.5% interest for 20 years, compouned quarterly
- c) \$4,000 at 6 interest for 20 years, comp. semi-annually

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$$FV = 800 (1 + \frac{5}{100(12)})^{(12 \times 3)} = 929^{18}$$

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b) \$15,000 at 2.5% interest for 20 years, compouned quarterly

$$FV = 15000 \left(1 + \frac{2.5}{100(4)}\right)^{(4 \times 70)} = 24,692.37$$

c) \$4,000 at 6 % interest for 20 years, comp. semi-annually

$$FV = 4000 \left(1 + \frac{6.125}{100(2)}\right)^{(2 \times 20)} + \frac{13,368.67}{2}$$

Finding the Present Value (or Capital)

How much does Nicole need to deposit into an account to collect \$50,000 at the end of 6 years if the account is paying 6.8% p.a. compounded quarterly?

(2)

Finding the Present Value (or Capital)

How much does Nicole need to deposit into an account to collect \$50,000 at the end of 6 years if the account is paying 6.8% p.a. compounded quarterly?

$$50000 = PV \left(1 + \frac{6.8}{100(4)} \right)^{(4)}$$

$$PV = \frac{50000}{\left(1 + \frac{600}{400}\right)^2 4} \approx \frac{5000}{33,363}$$



Finding the interest rate

Calculate the interest rate that Tus would need in order to accumulate \$25,000 in 5 years time, if the initial amount to invest is \$19,971 (assume monthly compounding)

③ Findi

Finding the interest rate

Calculate the interest rate that Tus would need in order to accumulate \$25,000 in 5 years time, if the initial amount to invest is \$19,971 (assume monthly compounding)

$$25000 = 19971 \left(1 + \frac{1}{100(12)}\right)^{(12 \times 5)}$$

$$\frac{25000}{19971} = \left(1 + \frac{1}{1200}\right)$$
 what's to salve?

$$\frac{25000}{19971} = \frac{1}{1700}$$

$$\frac{25000}{19971} = (1 + \frac{1}{1200})$$

$$\frac{25000}{19971} = 1 + \frac{1}{1200}$$

$$\frac{60}{19971} = \frac{1}{1200}$$

$$\frac{60}{19971} = \frac{1}{1200}$$

$$\frac{1}{1200}$$



Finding the Time Period

For how long must Jamie invest 4000 euro at 6.4% p.a. compounded half-yearly if is to amount to 10,000 euro?

(1)

Finding the Time Period

For how long must Jamie invest 4000 euro at 6.4% p.a. compounded half-yearly if is to amount to 10,000 euro?

$$10000 = 4000 \left(1 + \frac{6.4}{100(2)}\right)^{2x}$$

$$\frac{10000}{1000} = \left(1 + \frac{6.4}{200}\right)^{2\eta}$$

$$\log\left(\frac{10}{4}\right) = \log\left(1 + \frac{6.4}{200}\right)$$

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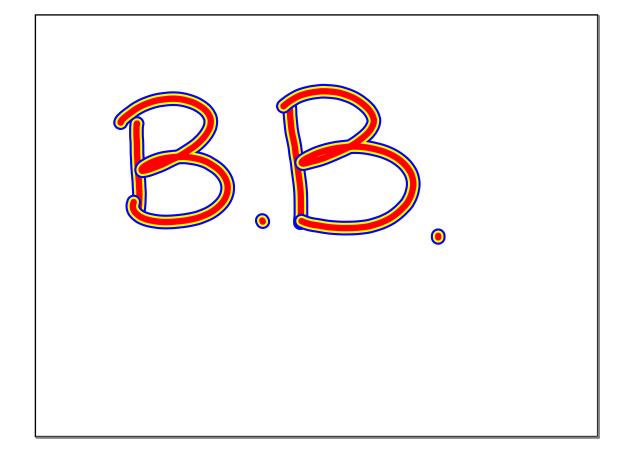
November 18
$$\frac{10880}{4080} = (1 + \frac{6.4}{200})$$

$$\log(\frac{10}{4}) = \log(1 + \frac{6.4}{200})$$

$$\log(\frac{10}{4}) = 2n/3 + \frac{6.4}{200}$$

$$\log(\frac{10}{4}) = 2n/3 + \frac{6.4}{200}$$

$$\log(\frac{10}{4}) = \frac{109(\frac{10}{4})}{200} = \frac{14.5}{200}$$



HH Textbook page 418......

Review Set 12A... 2 - 5 and Review Set 12B... 1, 6, 8

Your TIhas a Financial App

/ For IB students :
in the past, Knowledge of this App
was not required.

V Starting on this year's exams going forward, they recommend it

Handout

Word of warning: be able to get all answers algebraically, except for any problem involving monthly payments.

Assignment:

Worksheet: Compound Interest Practice

and learn how to use the App program

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