

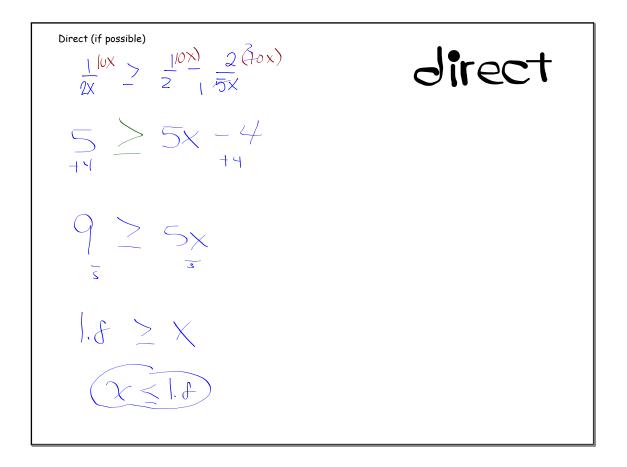
Single Variable answer can be displayed on a number line Method 2 A) find boundary points B) TOST a point or two Solve directly (if possible)

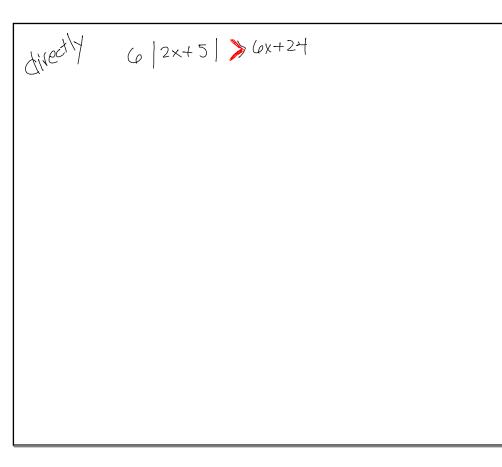
Solve the inequality using either method or solve using both methods if you want the practice). $\frac{1}{2x} \xrightarrow{7} \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{5x}$ $\frac{1}{2x} \quad \stackrel{>}{\xrightarrow{}} \quad \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{5x}$ Direct (if possible) Boundary Point Method

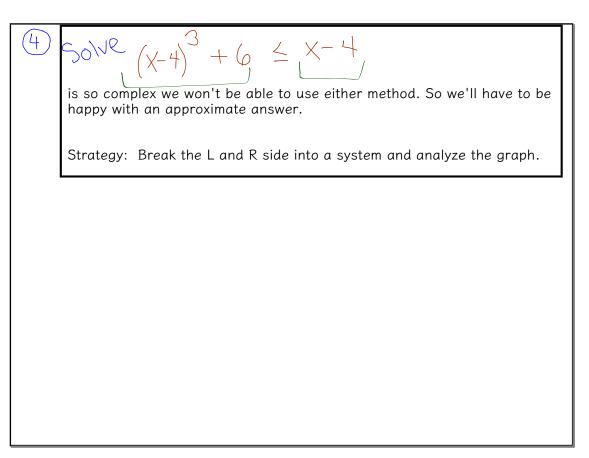
Boundary Point Method

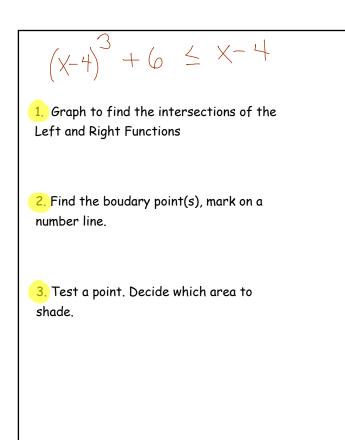
$$\frac{1}{2x} \xrightarrow{2} \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{5x}$$

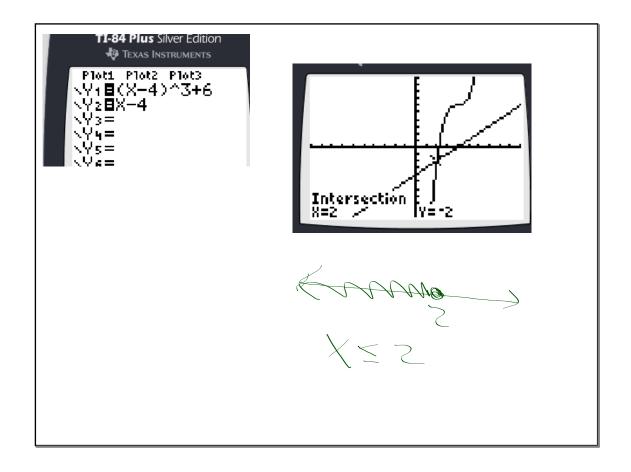
$$5 \underbrace{1005}_{13} - \underbrace{12}_{15} \underbrace{700x}_{15} + \underbrace{2}_{15} \underbrace{700x}_{1.8} + \underbrace{18}_{1.8} +$$

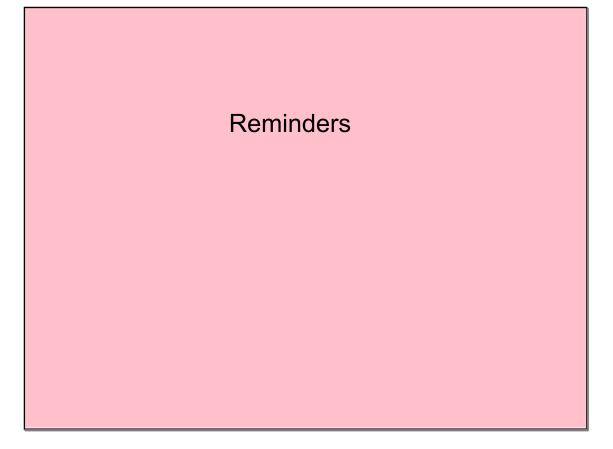


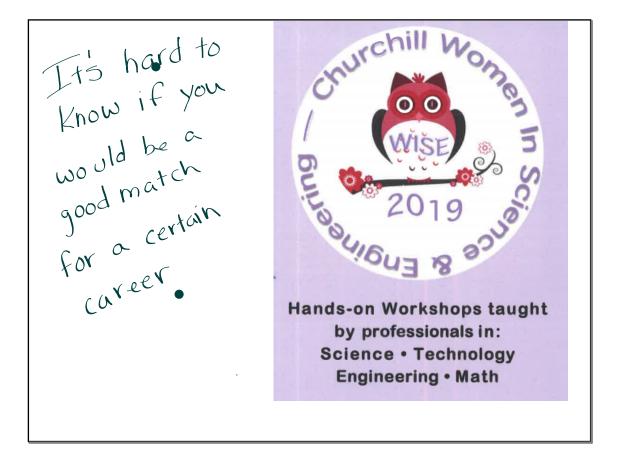








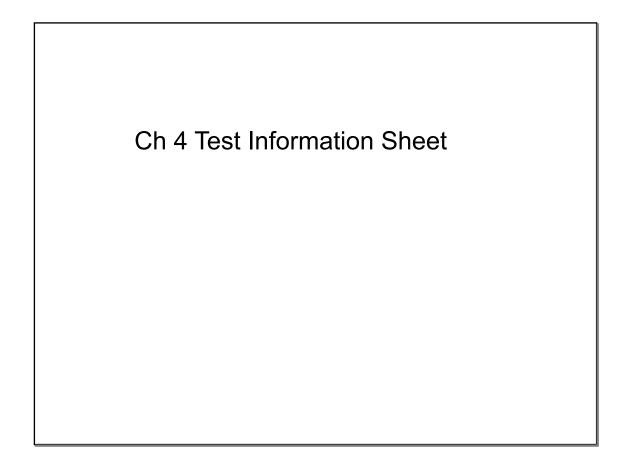


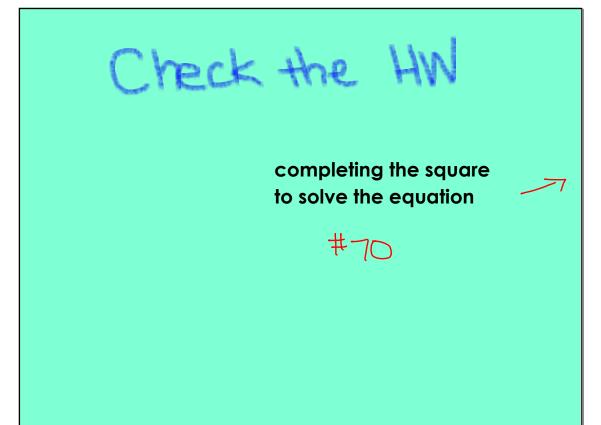








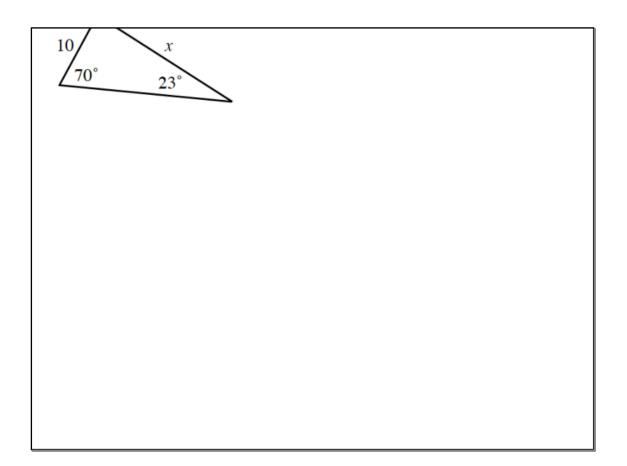


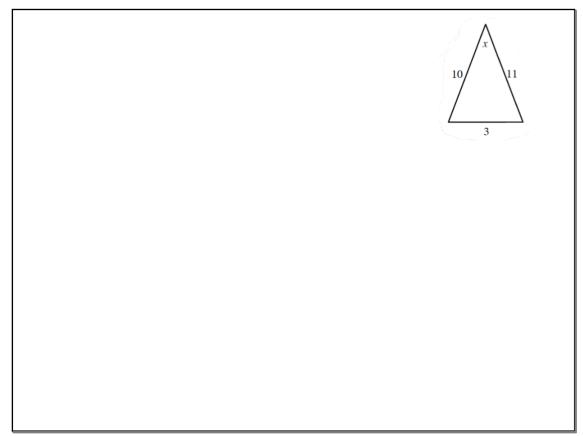


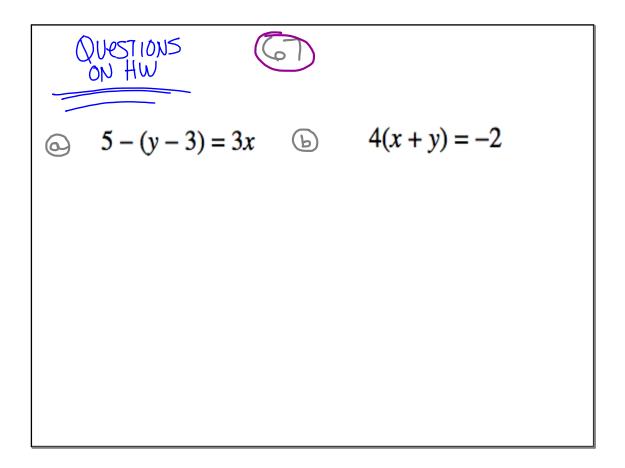
Solve by Completing the square $\frac{10}{\sqrt{2} + 12x} + 15 = 75$ $\chi^2 + 12x + 36 = 60 + 36$ $(x+6)^2 = 96$ $x + 6 = \pm \sqrt{96}$ (<u>15</u>) χ=

$$2x + y = 12$$

 $xy = 16$

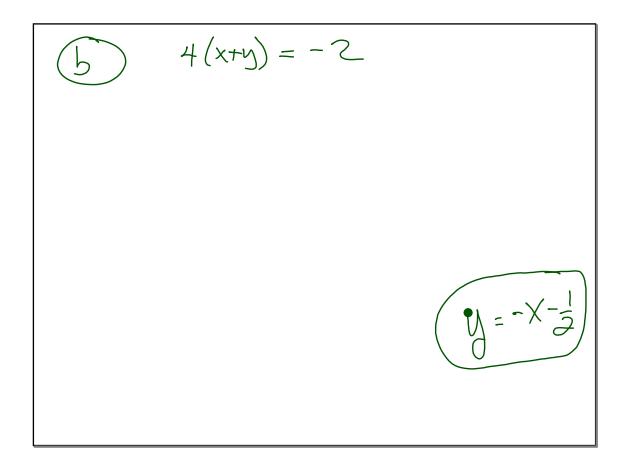






(67 a) 5-
$$(y-3) = 3x$$

-5 -5
 $-(y-3) = 3x-5$
 $-y+3 = 3x-5$
 $-y=3x-8$
multiply all terms by (1)
 $y=-3x+8$



$$\begin{array}{l} 68 \ A & (y-3)^2 = 2y-10 \\ (y-3)(y-3) = 2y-10 \\ y^2-3y-3y+9 = 2y-10 \\ y^2-6y+9 = 2y-10 \\ y^2-6y+19 = 0 \\ y^2-8y+19 = 0$$

$$\chi = \frac{-() \pm \sqrt{(j^2 - 4(\chi))}}{2()}$$

$$\frac{m^{2} + 1m - 15}{m^{2} - 16} = \frac{m^{2} - 6m + 8}{2m^{2} - 7m + 6}$$

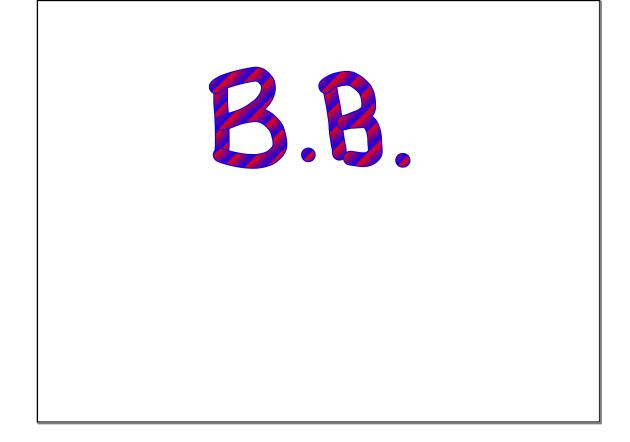
$$\frac{(m + 5)(2m - 3)}{(m + 4)(m - 4)} \approx \frac{(m - 2)(m - 4)}{(m - 2)(2m - 3)}$$

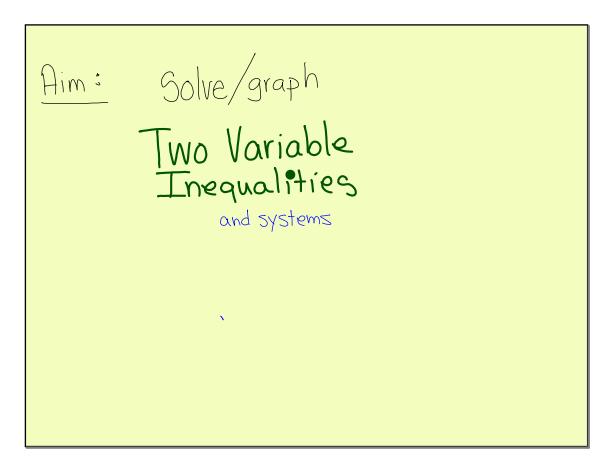
65 c
$$3x + 2 \ge x - 6$$

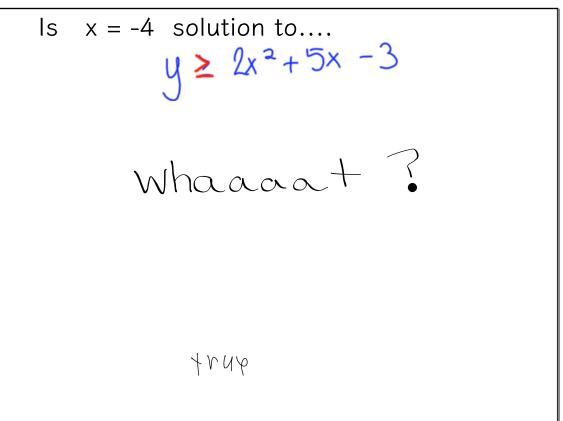
Bound Pts
 $3x + 2 = x - 6$
 $2x + 3 = -5$
 $3x = -8$
 $x = -4$
 $x = -4$

(5)
$$2x^{2} - 5x \in 12$$

 $2x^{2} - 5x = 12$
 $2x^{2} - 5x - 12 = 0$
 $(2x^{+}3)(x - 4) = 0$
 $\frac{1}{2}$
 $2x - \frac{3}{2}$
 $x - \frac{3}{2}$
 $x - \frac{3}{2}$
 $(x - 4) = 0$
 $\frac{1}{2}$
 $(x - 4) = 0$
 $\frac{1}{2}$







In that case is (-3, 0) a solution?
to....

$$y \ge 2x^2 + 5x - 3$$

 $0 \ge 2(-3)^3 + 5(-3) - 3$
 $0 \ge 18 - 15 - 3$
 $0 \ge 0$
 $18 - 15 - 3$

