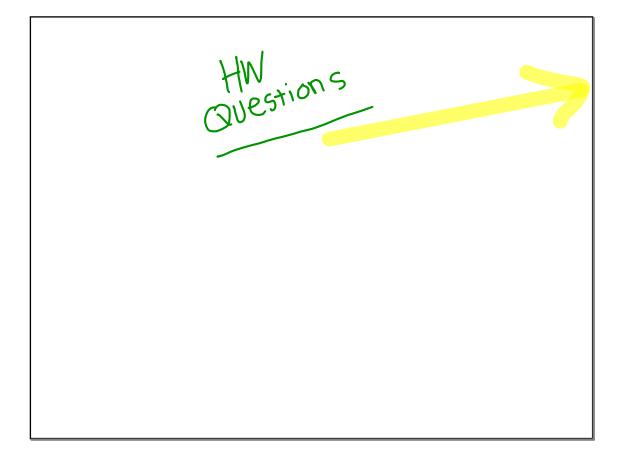


Solve the inequality directly
$$2 | x-5| \ge 13$$

$$| x-5| \ge 0.5$$



**4-22.** Solve  $(x-3)^2 - 2 = x + 1$  graphically

4-23. Graph a system of equations to solve  $2|x-4|-3=\frac{2}{3}x-3$ .

**4-24.** Solve each of the following equations using any method.

a. 
$$-3\sqrt{2x-5} + 7 = -8$$

b. 
$$2|3x+4|-10=12$$

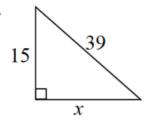
**4-27.** Solve the following equations. Be sure to check your answers for any extraneous solutions. a.  $\sqrt{2x-1} - x = -8$ 

 $(\sqrt{2x-1})^2 = (x-8)^2$  27b 27b 27b  $2 = (x-8)^2 = (x-8)^2$   $2x-1 = (x-8)^2 = (x-8)^2$   $2x-1 = (x-8)^2 = (x-8)^2$ 

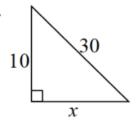
b.  $\sqrt{2x-1} - x = 0$ 

## **4-28.** Find the value of x.

a.



b.



Use the solutions to check your answers carefully.

You have 5 minutes.

-Use a pen, record your scores

## AlM today:

Determine the solutions to more complex SYSTEMS of equations.

What do solutions to Systems look like? What do salutions look like?

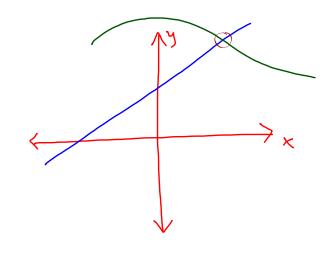
$$\frac{2}{X} = 5\sqrt{x+5} - 6$$
Not a system

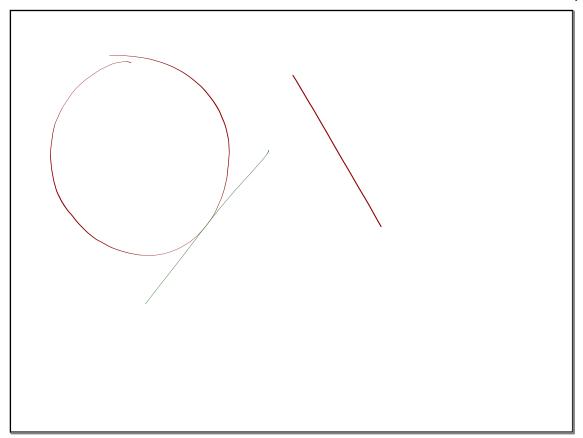
$$x+2y=7$$
  
 $3x-y^2=18$   
A complex system

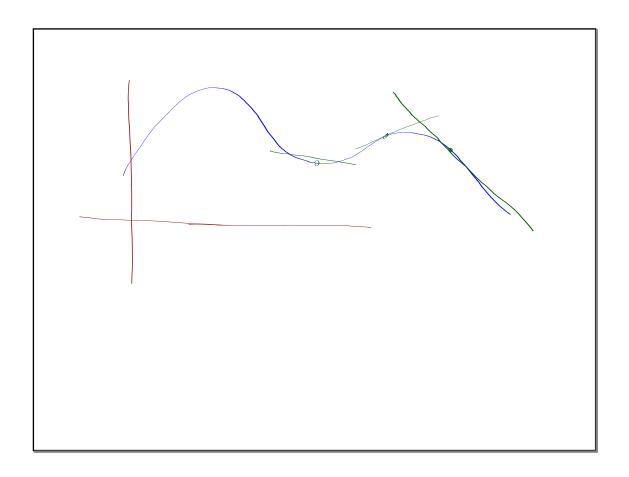
$$\chi = \frac{1}{2} =$$

The solution of a system of equations will be a pair of values

$$x+2y=7$$
  
 $3x-y^2=18$ 







## Four Systems

- Solve algebraically
- Then comment what each solution tells about the graph.

$$y = -3x + 5$$
 $y = -3x - 1$ 

$$-3x-1=-3x+5$$

(a) 
$$y = -3x + 5$$
  
 $y = -3x - 1$   
 $-3x + 5 = -3x - 1$   
 $5 = -1$ 

a false statement which means....

NO SOLUTIONS

No solutions indicate that the two do not intersect.

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^{2} + 1$$

$$y = 2x - 1$$

$$x^{2} + 1 = 2x - 1$$

$$x^{2} + 1 = 4x - 2$$

$$x^{2} - 4x + 4 = 0$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^{2} + 1$$

$$y = 2x - 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^{2} + 1 = 2x - 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^{2} = 2x - 2$$

$$\chi^{2} = 4x - 4$$

$$\chi^{2} - 4x + 4 = 0$$

$$\chi = 2$$

$$\chi = 2$$

$$\chi = 2$$

$$\chi = 2$$

$$\chi = 3$$

$$\chi = 2$$

$$\chi = 3$$

$$\chi = 2$$

$$\chi = 3$$

b 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 1$$
  
 $y = 2x^{-1}$ 

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 1 = 2x^{-1}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 = 2x^{-2}$$

$$\chi^2 = 4x^{-4}$$

$$\chi^2 - 4x + 4 = 0$$

$$\chi = 2$$

$$\chi = 2$$

$$\chi = 2$$

$$\chi = 3$$
What did the solution tell US?

The line is tangent to the parabola.

$$y^{2} = x + 2$$

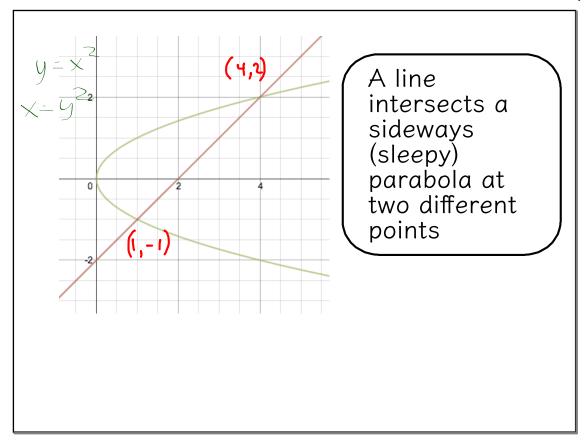
$$y^{2} - y + 2$$

$$y^{2} - y - 2 = 0$$

$$y = x - 2$$

$$y = -1 \quad y = 2$$

$$(1 \text{ ph}) \quad (4, \text{ m})$$



2 minute brain break

How many solutions do you expect this system to have?

$$x^{2} + y^{2} = 25$$

$$y = x^{2} - 13$$

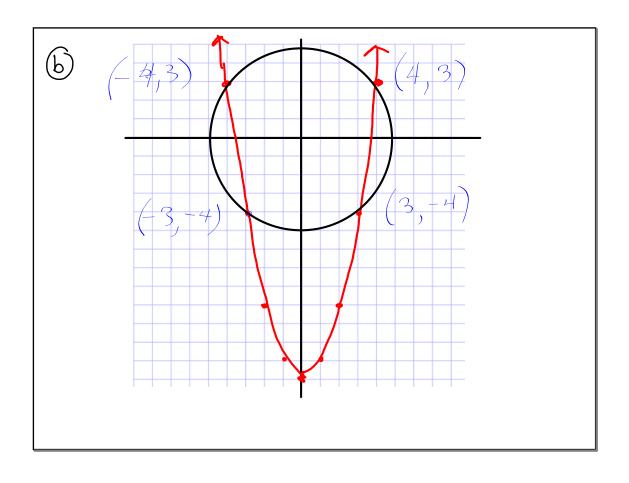
$$x^{2} + (x^{2} - 13)^{2} = 25$$

$$(x^{2} - 13)(x^{2} - 13)$$

$$\chi^{2} + y^{2} = 25$$

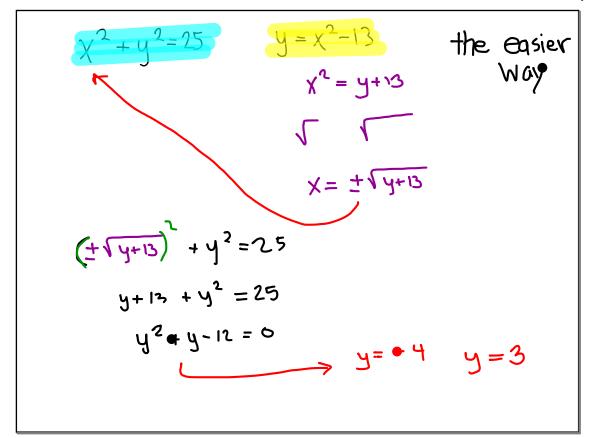
$$\chi^{2} = 35$$

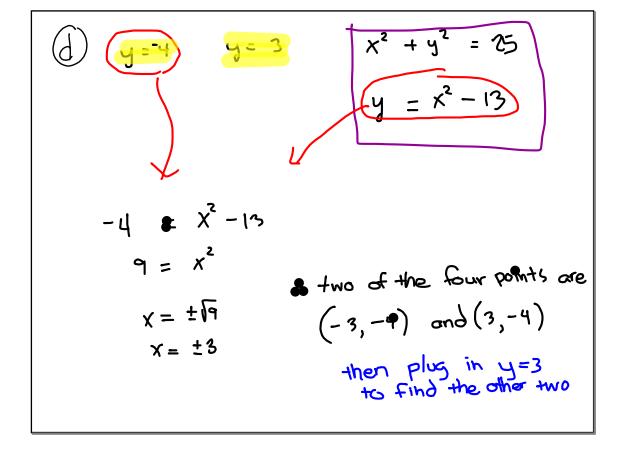
$$\chi^{2} + y^{2} = 25$$
  
 $y = \chi^{2} - 13$ 

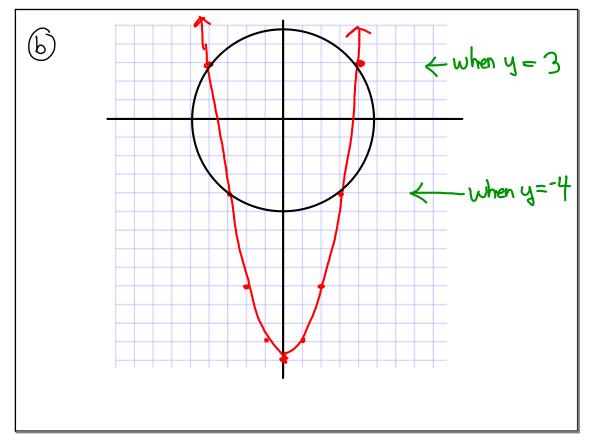


Algebraically, find all 4 solutions

C 
$$\chi^2 + y^2 = 25$$
  $y = (2-13)$  the difficult way  $\chi^2 + (x^2 - 13)(x^2 - 13) = 25$   $\chi^2 + (x^2 - 13)(x^2 - 13) = 25$  Yikes  $\chi^2 + (x^2 - 13)(x^2 - 13) = 25$ 







See your Ch 3 Test, finally

