- 

WARM Up
pick up
(1)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { Solve for } n \\
2 m-(3+n)=100 m
\end{array} \bullet \\
& 2 m-3-n=100 m \\
& 2 m-2 m \\
&-3-n=98 m_{+3} \\
&-n=98 m+3 \\
& n=-98 m-3
\end{aligned}
$$

(2) Solve multiply by 3

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 2) } \begin{array}{l}
\frac{1}{3}|10-x|=10 \\
|10-x|=30 \\
-x=20 \quad-x=-40 \\
10-x=30 \\
-10-x=-30 \\
-10 \\
-20 \\
-10
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

(3) Solve the inequality directly

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2|x-5| \geq 13 \\
& |x-5| \geq 6.5 \\
& \begin{array}{rl}
x-5 \geq 6.5 & x-5 \leq-6.5 \\
+5 & +5
\end{array}+5 \begin{array}{l}
+5
\end{array} \\
& x \geq 11.5 \text { or } x \leq-1.5
\end{aligned}
$$

(4) $4 m^{5} \cdot 3 m^{-7}=12 m^{-2} \rightarrow \frac{12}{m^{2}}$
(5) $\frac{X x^{4}}{W^{-7}} \cdot \frac{x^{3} w^{2}}{\not x}=$ $x^{4} w^{2} w \rightarrow x^{4} w^{9}$
(6)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{m^{5} n^{-3}}{y}\right)^{-2}=\frac{m^{-10} n^{6}}{y^{-2}} \\
& \left(\frac{y}{m^{5} n^{-3}}\right)^{2} \rightarrow \frac{y^{2}}{m^{10} n}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\square$

4-22. Solve $(x-3)^{2}-2=x+1$ graphically

4-23. Graph a system of equations to solve $2|x-4|-3=\frac{2}{3} x-3$.

4-24. Solve each of the following equations using any method.
a. $-3 \sqrt{2 x-5}+7=-8$
b. $2|3 x+4|-10=12$

4-27. Solve the following equations. Be sure to check your answers for any extraneous solutions.
a. $\sqrt{2 x-1}-x=-8$

b. $\sqrt{2 x-1}-x=0$

4-28. Find the value of $x$.
a.

b.


Use the solutions to check your answers carefully.

You have 5 minutes.
-Use a pen, record your scores

- Determine the solutions to more complex SYSTEMS of equations.

What do solutions to systems look like?

What do solutions look like?

$$
\frac{2}{x}=5 \sqrt{x+5}-6
$$

Not a system

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x+2 y=7 \\
& 3 x-y^{2}=18
\end{aligned}
$$

A complex system

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x=y= \\
& (x, y)
\end{aligned}
$$

The solution of a system of equations will be a pair of values

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x+2 y=7 \\
& 3 x-y^{2}=18
\end{aligned}
$$




- Solve algebraically
- Then comment what each solution tells about the graph.
(a)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y=-3 x+5 \\
& y
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
y=-3 x-1
$$

$$
-3 x-1=-3 x+5
$$

(a)

$$
\begin{gathered}
y=-3 x+5 \\
y=-3 x-1 \\
-3 x+5=-3 x-1 \\
5=-1
\end{gathered}
$$

a false statement which means....
NO SOLUTIONS
b

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
y=\frac{1}{2} x^{2}+1 \\
y=2 x-1
\end{array} \quad \begin{gathered}
\frac{1}{2} x^{2}+1=2 x-1 \\
x^{2}+2=4 x-2 \\
x^{2}-4 x+4=0 \\
\downarrow \\
x=2
\end{gathered}
$$

(b)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y=\frac{1}{2} x^{2}+1 \\
& y=2 x-1 \\
& \frac{1}{2} x^{2}+1=2 x-1 \\
& \frac{1}{2} x^{2}=2 x-2 \\
& x^{2}=4 x-4 \\
& x^{2}-4 x+4=0 \\
& x=2 \rightarrow \begin{array}{c}
x=2 \\
y=3
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

(b)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y=\frac{1}{2} x^{2}+1 \\
& y=2 x-1 \\
& \frac{1}{2} x^{2}+1=2 x-1 \\
& \frac{1}{2} x^{2}=2 x-2 \\
& x^{2}=4 x-4 \\
& x^{2}-4 x+4=0 \\
& x=2 \rightarrow \begin{array}{c}
x=2 \\
y=3
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
y^{2}=x & y^{2}=y+2 \\
y=x-2 & y^{2}-y-2=0 \\
\frac{y+2}{y+2}=x & x \\
y=-1 \quad y=2 \\
& (1, \pi h) \\
(4, \dot{\imath})
\end{array}
$$

(C)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
y^{2}=x \\
y=x-2
\end{array} \\
& y=y^{2}-2 \\
& 0=y^{2}-y-2 \\
& 0=(y+1)(y-2) \\
& \sum_{y=2} \sum_{y=-1} \\
& (, 2)(,-1)
\end{aligned}
$$

2 minute brain break
d How many solutions do you expect this system to have?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x^{2}+y^{2}=25 \\
& \left.y=x^{2}-13\right) \\
& x^{2}+\left(x^{2}-13\right)^{2}=25 \\
& \left(x^{2}-13\right)\left(x^{2}-13\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
x^{2}+y^{2}=25 \rightarrow x^{2}=25-y^{2} \\
y=x^{2}-13 \\
x^{2}=y+13 \\
(-3,4)(3,-4) \quad 0=y^{2}+y+13 \\
x^{2}=y+13 \quad y=-4 y=3 \\
x^{2}=-4+13 \\
x^{2}=9 \\
x=3 x=-3
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x^{2}+y^{2}=25 \\
& y=x^{2}-13
\end{aligned}
$$

(b)


Algebraically, find all 4 solutions
(c)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x^{2}+y^{2}=25 \quad y=x^{2}-13 \text { the difficult } \\
& x^{2}+\left(x^{2}-13\right)^{2}=25 \\
& x^{2}+\left(x^{2}-13\right)\left(x^{2}-13\right)=25 \\
& \text { Yikes ! }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
x^{2}+y^{2}=25 \quad y=x^{2}-13 \\
x^{2}=y+13
\end{array} \text { the eats } \\
& ( \pm \sqrt{y+13})^{2}+y^{2}=25 \\
& y+13+y^{2}=25 \\
& y^{2}+\underbrace{y-12=0} y=-4 \quad y=3
\end{aligned}
$$

(d)


$$
q=x^{2}
$$

\& two of the four points are

$$
x= \pm \sqrt{9}
$$

$$
x= \pm 3
$$ $(-3,-9)$ and $(3,-4)$

then plug in $y=3$ to find the other two


## See your Ch 3 Test, finally

$\square$

