

Warm Up (in your notes)



① Complete the square to convert

$$y = 3x^2 + 2x + 10 \quad \text{to graphing form.}$$

② You'll see in a bit.

① Complete the square to convert

$$y = 3x^2 + 2x + 10 \quad \text{to graphing form}$$

divide by 3

$$\frac{y}{3} + \frac{1}{9} = x^2 + \frac{2x}{3} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{10}{3}$$

$$\bullet \frac{y}{3} + \frac{1}{9} = \left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + \frac{10}{3}$$

multiply all 4 terms by 9

$$3y + 1 = 9\left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + 30$$

$$3y = 9\left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + 29$$

$$y = 3\left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + \frac{29}{3}$$

vertex  
 $\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{29}{3}\right)$

② Solve the equation

$$2\left(1 - \frac{x}{3}\right) = \frac{x}{7} + 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ -2 \end{array} - \frac{2x}{3} = \frac{x}{7} + \begin{array}{r} 3 \\ -2 \end{array}$$

$$-\frac{2x}{3} = \frac{x}{7} + 1$$

$$\frac{-2x(21)}{3} = \frac{x(21)}{7} + 1(21)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -14x \\ +14x \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 3x \\ +14x \end{array} + 21$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ -21 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 17x \\ -21 \end{array}$$

$$-21 = 17x$$

$$x = -\frac{21}{17}$$

② Solve the equation

$$2\left(1 - \frac{x}{3}\right) = \frac{x}{7} + 3$$

## Per. 1 Agenda Today

HW Tally →

1. Check HW
2. The last 2 new functions
3. LCQ

## **HW Questions**

81

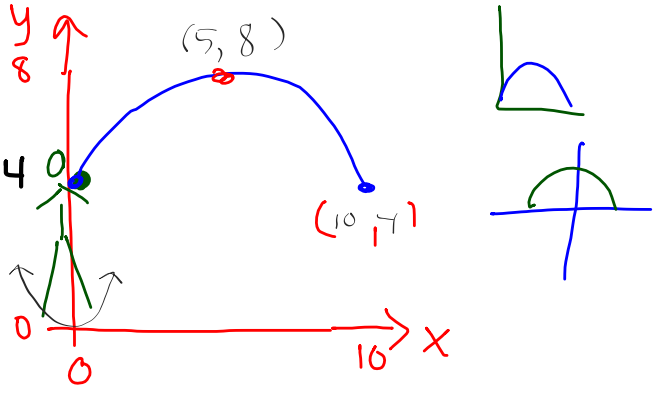
$$y = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

$$y = a(x-5)^2 + 8$$

$$4 = a(10-5)^2 + 8$$

$$4 = 25a + 8$$

$$-4 = 25a$$

$$a = -\frac{4}{25}$$


$$y = -\frac{4}{25}(x-5)^2 + 8$$

84b

$$\sqrt{18}$$

$$= \sqrt{9} \sqrt{2}$$

b)

$$\sqrt{27} + \sqrt{12}$$

90 think  $y = ab^x$

$$100\% + 3.17\% = 103.17\%$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Years } 1989 \\ - 1960 \\ \hline 29 \text{ years} \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{a} \quad y = (1.665 \times 10^{12}) (1.0317)^{29} \approx$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad y = (1.665 \times 10^{12}) (1.0317)^t$$

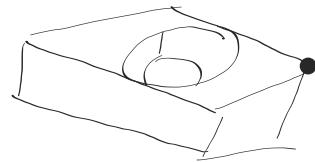
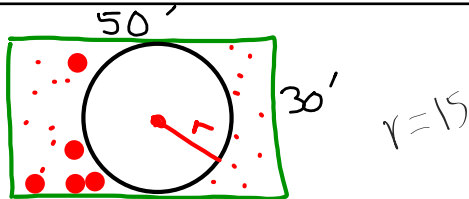
85b)

$$\text{a) } 12250 (.89)^x \text{ yearly}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{b) } y = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{.06}{12}\right)^n \leftarrow$$

86c

$$\begin{pmatrix} x^2 & -1 \\ y & \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x^{-3} & y \end{pmatrix}^{\circ}$$

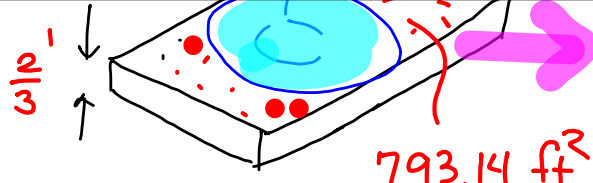


SURFACE AREA  
(concrete only) =  $30 \times \overset{50}{\text{Area}} - \overset{\pi r^2}{\text{Area}}$

$$= 30(50) - \pi(15)^2$$

$$= 793.14 \text{ ft}^2 \checkmark$$

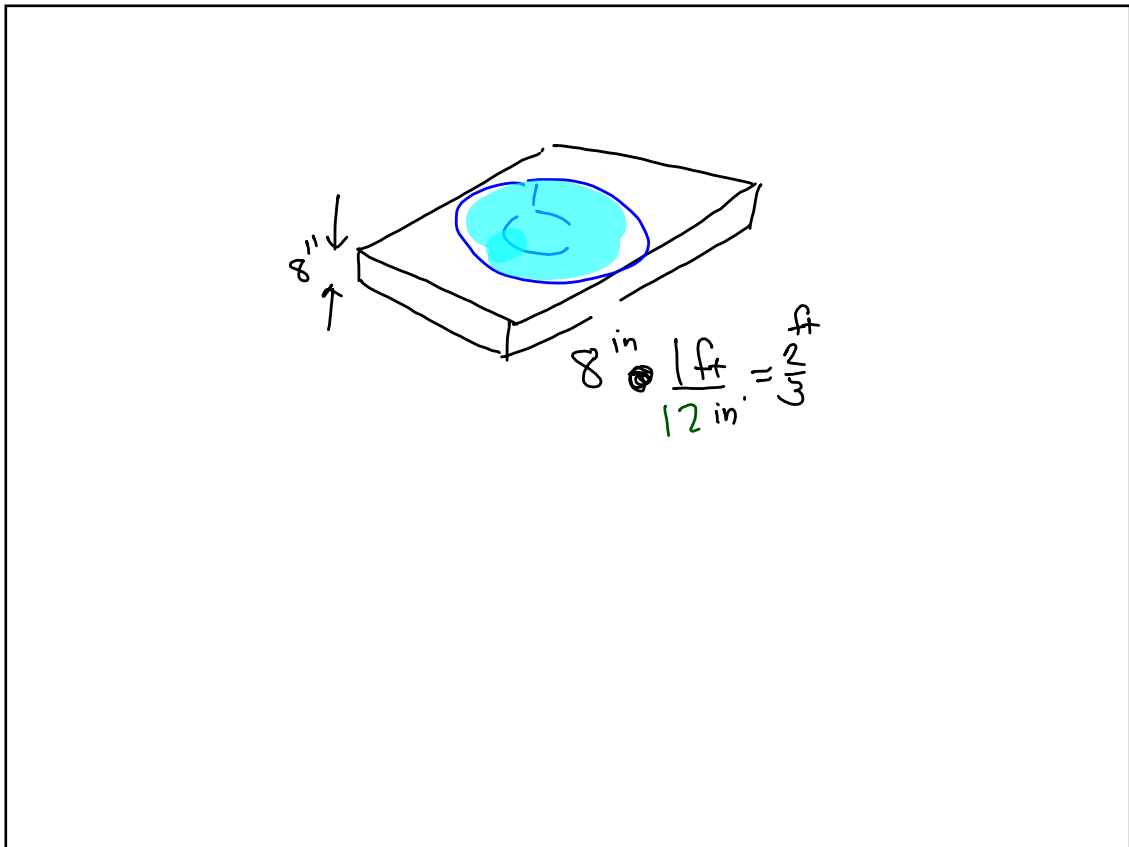
Volume of concrete Slab



$V = 793.14 \text{ ft}^2 \times \frac{2}{3} \text{ ft} = 528.76 \text{ ft}^3$

Cost =  $528.76 \text{ ft}^3 \times \frac{\$2.39}{\text{ft}^3}$


$= \$1,263.74$



Today : Continue to transform the 5 new functions

$y = b^x$        $y = |x|$        $y = \frac{1}{x}$

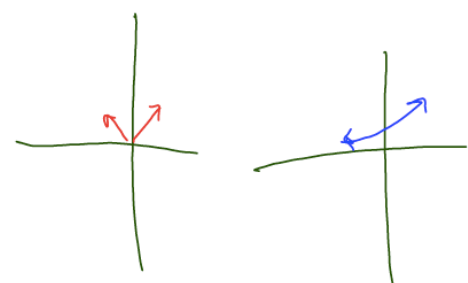
$\sqrt{x}$



$y = \frac{1}{x}$        $y = \sqrt{x}$

$y = |x|$        $y = b^x$

b could be  $\frac{1}{2}, 2, 3, \text{etc}$





- a) sketch your parent function
- b) Write an equation and make a new quick sketch for each of the following:

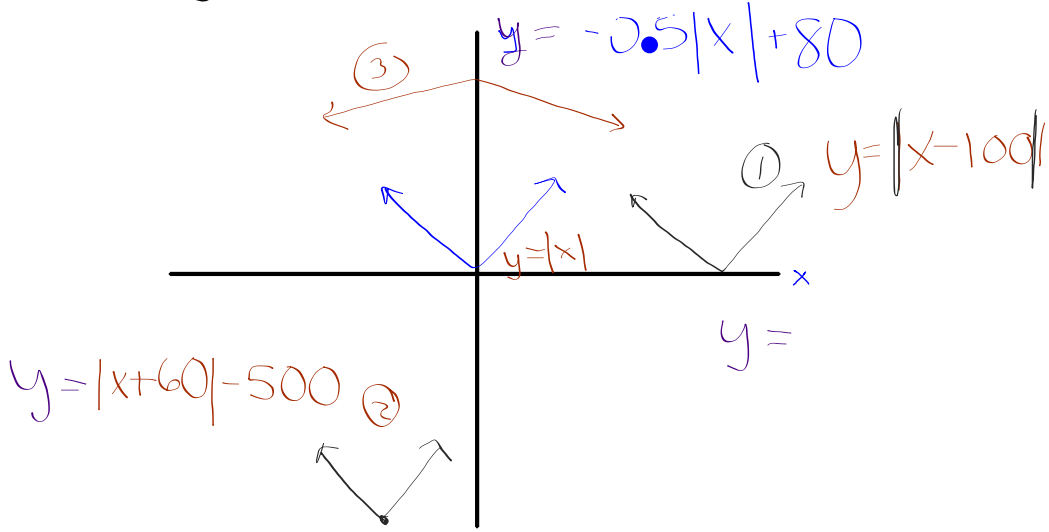
- i) horizontal shift 100 units to the right
- ii) horizontal shift left ~~60~~ units, down 500
- iii) Vertical compression by 0.5 and a vertical shift up ~~80~~ and a flip upside down.

each of the following:

- i) horizontal shift 100 units to the right
- ii) horizontal shift left ~~60~~ units, down 500
- iii) Vertical compression by 0.5 and a vertical shift up ~~80~~ and a flip upside down.

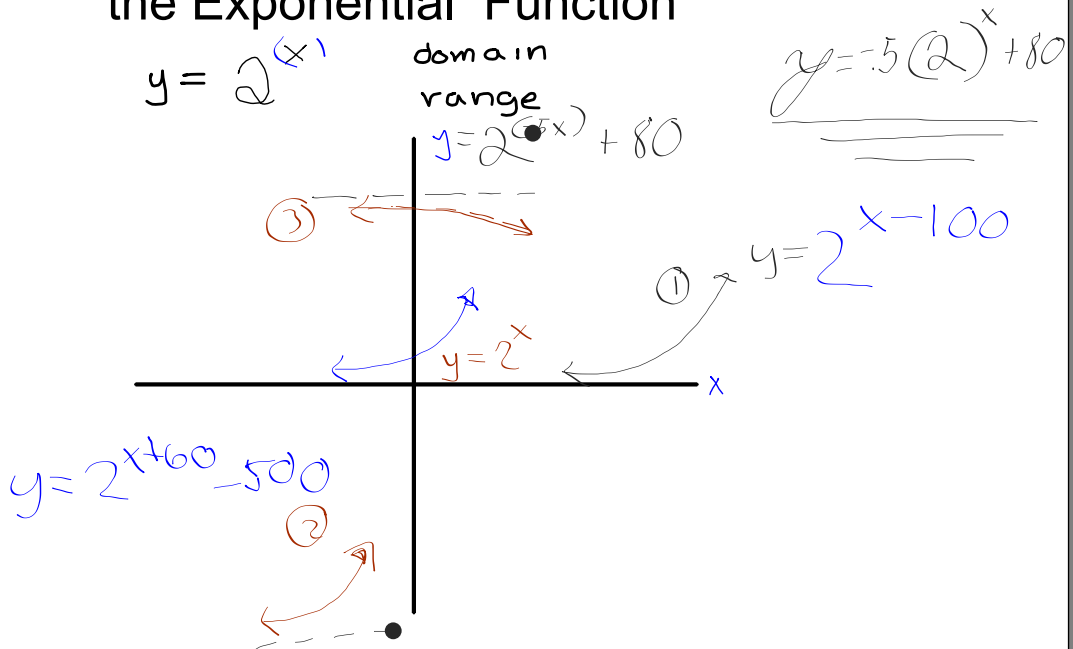
# the Absolute Value Function

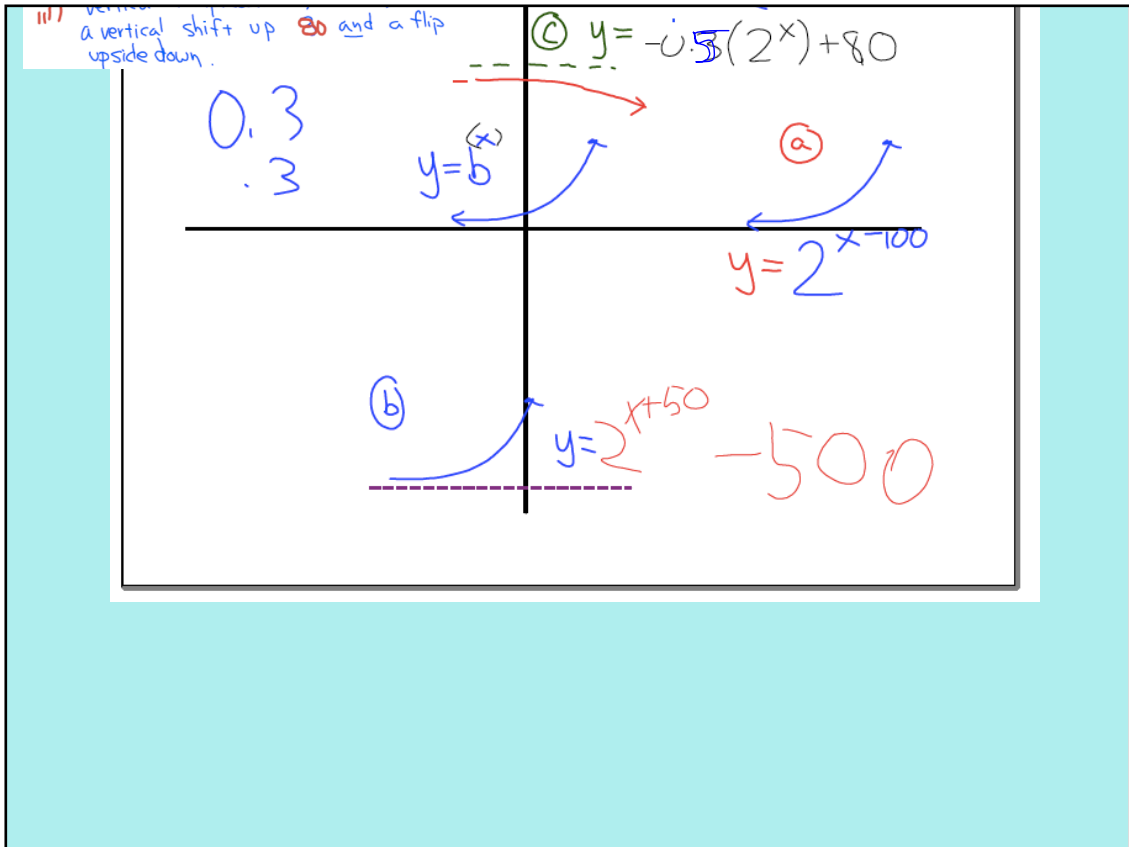
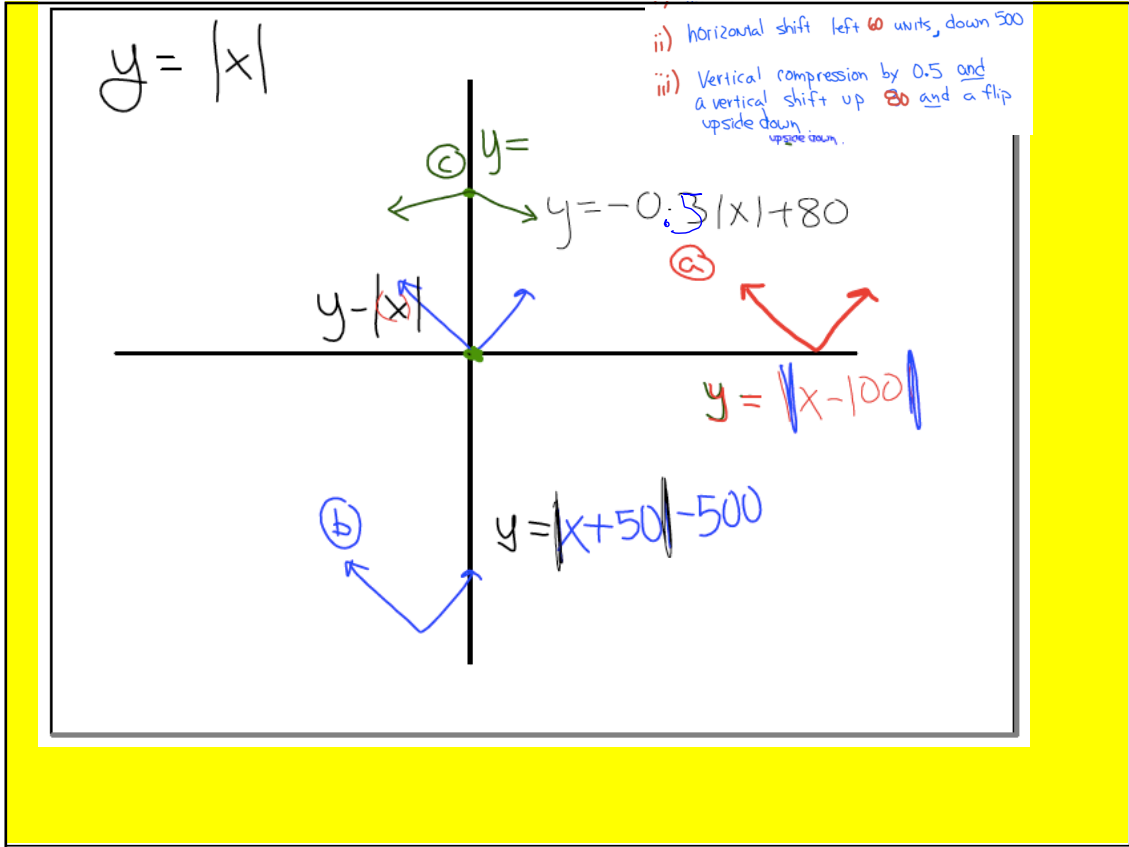
$y = |x|$     domain  
                   range



# the Exponential Function

$y = 2^{(x)}$     domain  
                   range





Homework  
is a  
worksheet  
↓  
Assignment 2.2.1 day 2

