

Pick Up the
Warm Up

HW
Hotline →

1.

(14, 10) and (-7, 1)

↑
slope

$$m = \frac{10 - 1}{14 - (-7)} = \frac{9}{21} =$$

$$m = \frac{10 - 1}{14 - (-7)}$$

$$m = \frac{9}{21}$$

$$\frac{1 - 10}{-7 - 14} = \frac{-9}{-21}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad y = mx + b \quad (14, 10) \text{ and } (-7, 1)$$

$$y = \frac{3}{7}x + b$$

$$1 = \frac{3(-7)}{7} + b$$

$$1 = -3 + b$$

$$b = 4$$

$$y = \frac{3}{7}x + 4$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad (8, -1) \text{ and } (2, 7)$$

$$m = \frac{-1 - 7}{8 - 2}$$

$$m = \frac{-8}{6}$$

$$m = \left(\frac{-4}{3} \right)$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$7 = -\frac{4}{3}(2) + b$$

$$7 = -\frac{8}{3} + b$$

mult by 3

$$21 = -8 + 3b$$

$$29 = 3b$$

$$\frac{29}{3} = b$$

$$y = \frac{-4}{3}x + \frac{29}{3}$$

3 (8, -1) and (2, 7)

$$m = \frac{-1 - 7}{8 - 2}$$

$$m = \frac{-8}{6}$$

$$m = \left(\frac{-4}{3} \right)$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$7 = \frac{-4}{3}(2) + b$$

A $(-3x^5y^4)(7x^2y)$

D $(4x^6y^5)(-3xy)$

E $(3xy^5)(-x^2y)$

G $(8xy^2)(-x^4y^3) = -8x^5y^5$

H $(xy)(x^2y^2)(xy)$

R $(8xy^2)(-xy)$

2

$-21x^7y^5$

$-12x^7y^9$	$10z^0$	$-64x^3y^5$	$4x^4y^6$	$49x^4y^{10}$	$-8x^5y^5$
10^2	x^4y^4	$-3x^3y^6$	$49x^4y^{10}$	$-21x^7y^5$	
10^2	$4x^4y^6$	$-49x^3y^3$	$49x^4y^{10}$	$-21x^7y^5$	$9x^6y^4$
$-21x^7y^5$	$49x^4y^{10}$	10^2	x^4y^4	$-3x^3y^6$	$-8x^5y^5$

I $(-2x^2y^3)^2$	L $(-3x^3y^2)^2$
M $(-2x^3y)^3$	N $(7x^2y^5)^2$
T $(10^4)^3$	U $(10^5)^4$
Q $(7xy)^2 \cdot (-xy) =$	

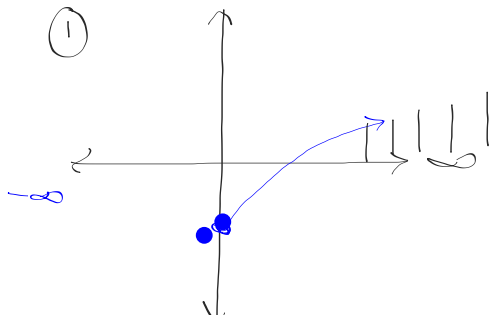
$$\begin{aligned} &(-2)^3 (x^3)^3 y^3 \\ &= -8x^9y^3 \end{aligned}$$

HW Questions ?

let's go over #86

86

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} - 2$$



description:
curved function
with an endpoint

② special point:
endpoint $(0, -2)$

③ Domain

④ range

⑤ end behavior
Ⓡ As $x \rightarrow +\infty$, $+\infty$

⑥

⑥ y-int (0, -2)

$$y = \sqrt{x} - 2$$

x-int
(4, 0) →

$$\sqrt{x} - 2 = 0$$

$$(\sqrt{x})^2 = (2)^2$$

$$x = 4$$

⑦ Asympt. *NONE*

⑧ Symmetry
NONE

84 find intersection between

$f(x) = \underline{2x^2 - 3x + 4}$ and $g(x) = \underline{x^2 + 5x - 3}$

$$2x^2 - 3x + 4 = \overset{-x^2}{x^2} + 5x - 3$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 7 = 0$$

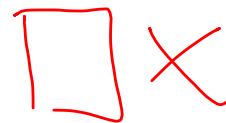
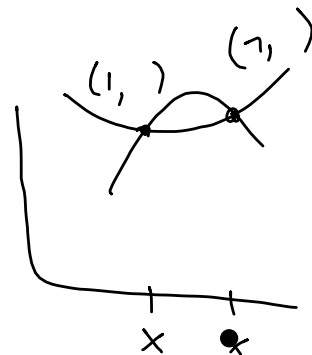
$$(x-7)(x-1) = 0$$

$$a \cdot b = 0$$

$$x-7=0 \quad x-1=0$$

$$x=7$$

$$x=1$$



89

X - intercept

a

$$y = 3x - 6$$

b

$$y = 2x^2 + 4$$

89e

(5, 0)

answer

91

$$A) \quad y = mx + b$$

\uparrow \uparrow
 $-b$ $-b$

$$y - b = mx$$

$$x = \frac{y - b}{m}$$

OR

$$x = \frac{y - b}{m}$$

$$B) \quad A = \pi r^2$$

\uparrow

$$r^2 = \frac{A}{\pi}$$

$$r = \pm \sqrt{\frac{A}{\pi}}$$

$$C) \quad V = LWH$$

\uparrow

$$W = \frac{V}{LH}$$

$$d) \quad 2x + \frac{1}{5} = 3$$



93

$$y = 3x + 15$$

$$y = 3 - 3x$$



- c) Write an equation that does not contain y and solve it for x .

$$3x + 15 = 3 - 3x$$

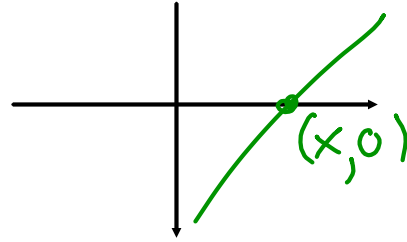
↓

$$(-2,)$$

- d) Use the x -value you found to find the corresponding y -value

95 $h(x) = x^2 - 5$

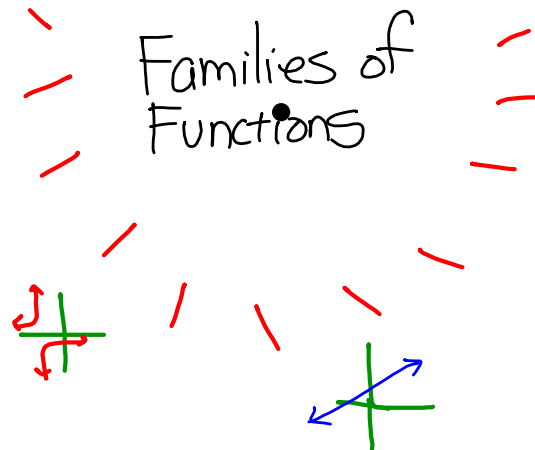
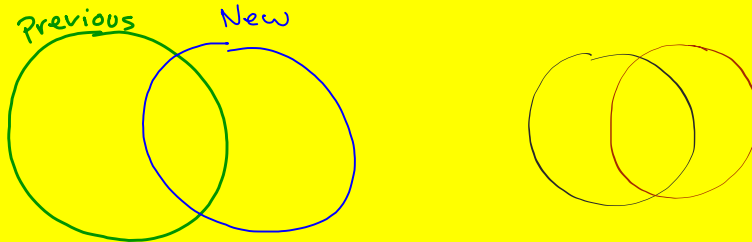
find x-intercepts



97 MATCHING

- a. $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$
- b. $\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b}$
- c. $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$
- d. $c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C$
1. Law of Cosines
 2. Law of Sines
 3. Pythagorean Theorem
 4. Quadratic Formula
- Handwritten matching lines: a purple arrow points from the Quadratic Formula (4) to equation (a). A red arrow points from the Law of Sines (2) to equation (b). A blue arrow points from the Pythagorean Theorem (3) to equation (c). A green arrow points from the Law of Cosines (1) to equation (d).

Learning is always easier if one can initially make a connection to what you already know



Aim

Determine whether relationships given in tables and situations are linear or not.

background
first

Parameters give the function its shape.

$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x-h}$$

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$



c) Parameters

$$y = \underset{\uparrow}{m}x + \underset{\uparrow}{b}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x-\underset{\uparrow}{h}}$$

$$y = \underset{\uparrow}{a}x^2 + \underset{\uparrow}{b}x + \underset{\uparrow}{c}$$

What do all functions
in the family

$$y = mx + b$$

have in common?

$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = 3x + 2$$

x and y ?

↑
Inputs

↑
Outputs

m and b

constants

What effect does m have?

b ?

is $2y + 5x = 7$ linear ?

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-5x + 7}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{-5}{2}x + \frac{7}{2}$$

$$y = mx + b$$

x	y
7	52
8	56
9	60
10	64

6	100	200
9	300	300
12	600	300
15	900	

x	y
15	52
270	56
6	60
-4	64

Activity to determine if
a situation is linear.

1. Decide if it is linear or not.
2. If linear, what is its equation.

a.

<i>Pieces of Bread</i>	<i>Grams of Fiber</i>
0	0
1	5
2	10
3	15
4	20

$$y = 5x$$

b.

Killer Fried Chickens charges \$7.00 for a basic bucket of chicken and \$0.50 for each additional piece. The input is the number of extra pieces of chicken ordered, and the output is the total cost of the order.

$$y = 0.50x + 7$$

$$y = 7 + 0.50x$$

c.

x	y
10	0
5	5
3	7
2	8
1	9
0	10

$$y = -x + 10$$

d.

x	y
10	1
5	2
4	2.5
2	5
1	10
0.5	20

- e. *James planted a bush in his yard. The year he planted it, the bush produced 17 flowers. Each year, the branches of the bush split, so the number of flowers doubles. The input is the year after planting, and the output is the number of flowers.*

f.

x	y
0	-7
2	-2
4	3
6	8
8	13

$$y = 2.5x - 7$$

<u>x</u>	<u>y</u>
1	0.5
4	-7
10	-22
15	-34.5

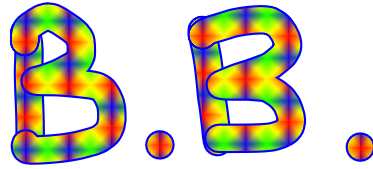
Closure
 +3
 +6
 +5

-7.5
 -15
 -12.5

Decide if the relationship is linear.

$$y = -2.5x + 3$$

LCO



B.B.

Assignment

1 104 to 110

