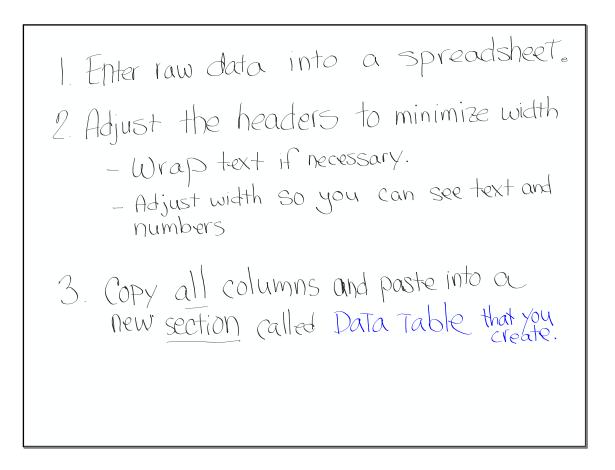
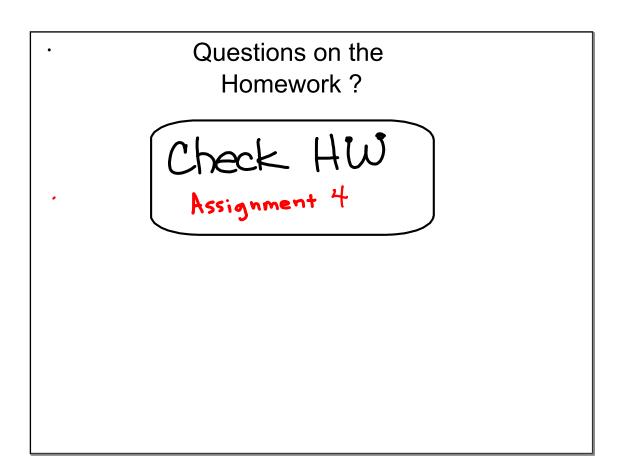




	New Data File Edit		Draft 2 and Final D Format Data Too		Last edit was	
IC.		100% -	\$ % .0 <u>_</u> .0 <u>0</u> 123 -	Arial - 14	• • B	
fx	Rank (Density					
	A	В	С	D	E	
1	Rank (Dens of Restaura	Rank (DensMcDonald's Loc: % of Populationof Restaural Stateper 100,000Per With Diabetes				
2	1	Ohio	7.1	11.10%		
3	2	Michigan	6.4	11.20%		
4	3	Kansas	6.3	9.40%		
5	4	Maryland	6.3	10.80%		
6	5	Louisiana	6.3	12.10%		
7	6	Arkansas	6.2	13.50%		
8	7	Missouri	6.1	11.50%		
9	8	Tennessee	6	12.70%		
10	9	Indiana	5.9	11.50%		
11	10	Wisconsin	5.9	9.80%		
12	11	Kentucky	5.9	13.10%		
13	12	Alabama	5.8	14.60%		
14	13	Illinois	5.7	10.40%		
15	14	Oklahoma	5.6	12.00%		
16	15	lowa	5.6	9.30%		
17	16	Wyoming	5.5	8.30%		



4. Decide on a reasonable font size (not too small). 5. <u>Insert</u> copies of your header appropriately so that when you paste your data into your main project document (Google Doc) the header will be at the top. 6 CONsider splitting the page if you have >4 pages



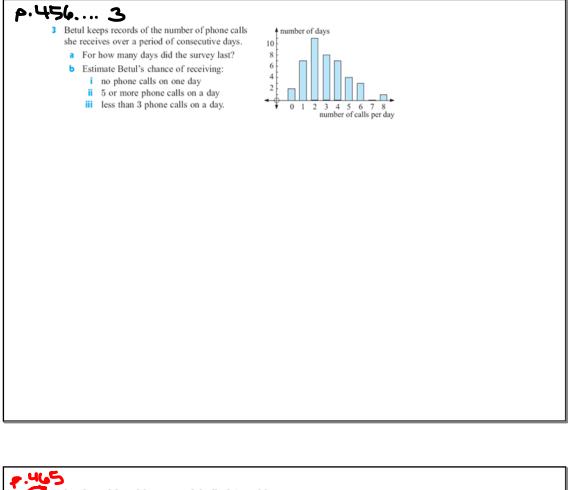
p. 30..... 9 factory 56 workers, 47 day shift, 29 night shift

## EXERCISE 14C P.461.... 1

- The table shows data from a survey conducted at five schools on the rate of smoking amongst 15 year old students.
  - a What is the probability that a randomly chosen female 15 year old student at school C is a smoker?

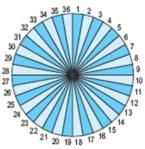
	No. of 1.	5 year olds	No. of smokers		
School	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Α	45	51	10	11	
В	36	42	9	6	
С	52	49	13	13	
D	28	33	9	10	
Е	40	39	7	4	
Total	201	214	48	44	

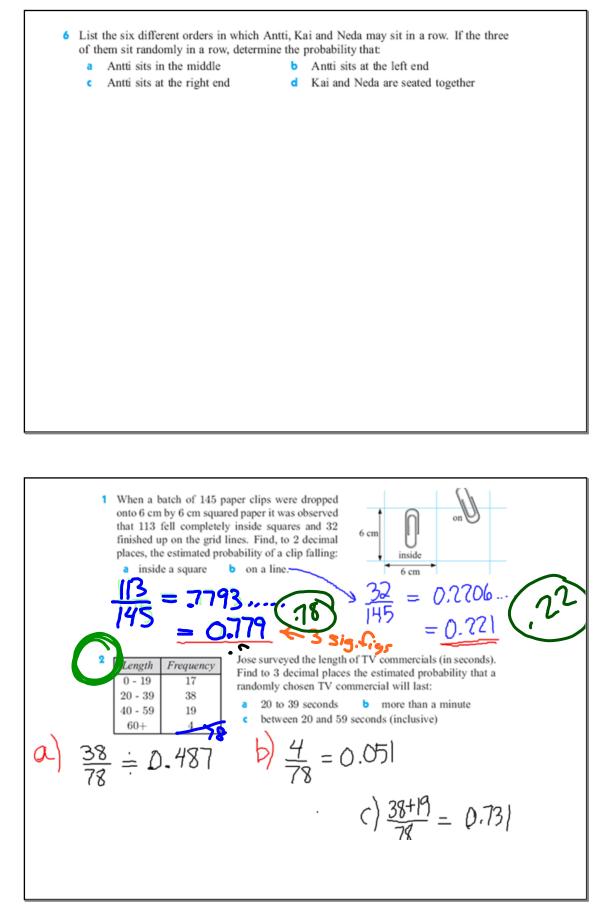
- b What is the probability that a randomly chosen 15 year old student at school E is a smoker?
- c If a 15 year old is chosen at random from the five schools, what is the probability that he or she is a smoker?

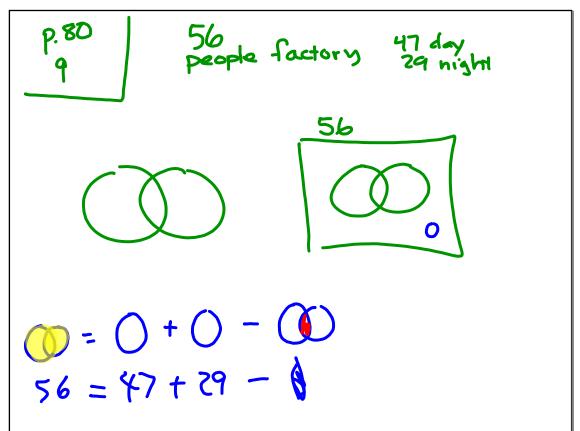


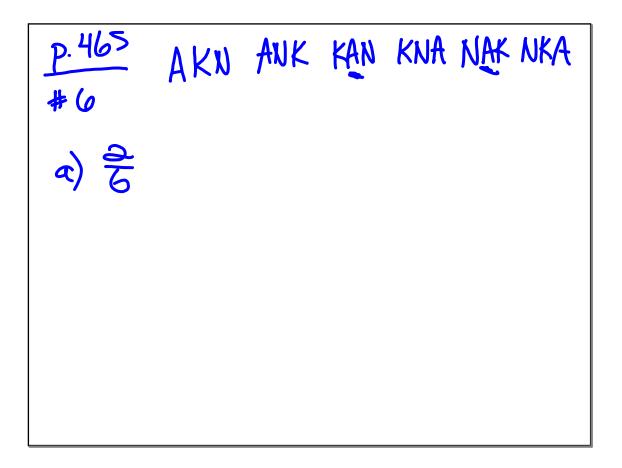
4 A dart board has 36 sectors, labelled 1 to 36. Determine the probability that a dart thrown at the board hits:

- a multiple of 4
- b a number between 6 and 9 inclusive
- c a number greater than 20
- d
- 9 a multiple of 13
- a multiple of 13an odd number that is a multiple of 3.





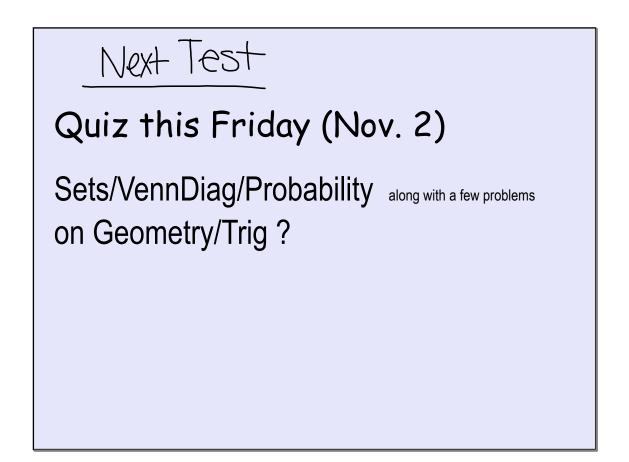


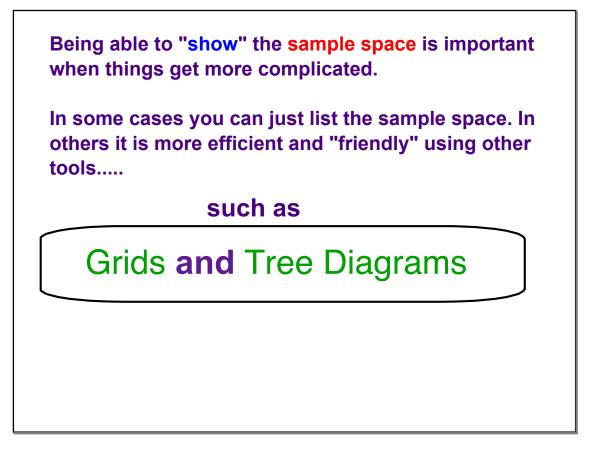


etul keeps records of the number of phone calls 3 number of days she receives over a period of consecutive days. 10 a For how many days did the survey last? 8 2+7+11+ **b** Estimate Betul's chance of receiving: 6 4 i no phone calls on one day 2 ii 5 or more phone calls on a day iii less than 3 phone calls on a day. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 number of calls per day 3+0 i)  $P(0) = \frac{2}{43} = 0.047$ ii)  $P(0) = \frac{2}{43} = 0.047$ iii)  $P(25 \text{ calls}) = \frac{443+044}{43} = \frac{10}{43} = \frac{186}{43}$ number of calls per day  $\frac{(11)}{(11)} P(43) = \frac{2+7+1}{43} = \frac{20}{43} = 0.465$ 4 Pat does a lot of travelling in her car and she keeps
The part of the part of the lot of the l Days between Frequency records on how often she fills her car with petrol. refills The table alongside shows the frequencies of the  $\frac{1}{2}$ 37number of days between refills. Estimate the like-81 lihood that: 3 48 4 17a there is a four day gap between refills 56ь there is at least a four day gap between refills. 6 1 Total frequency = 37+81+48+17+6+1 a)  $\frac{17}{190} = 0.089$ 6) 17+6+ = 0,126 = ]

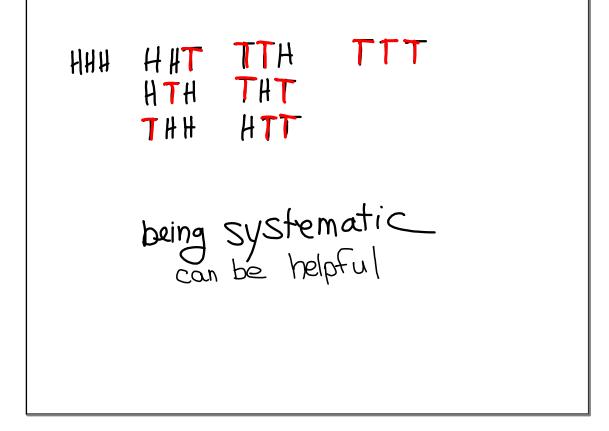
EXERCISE 14C						
1 The table shows data from	No. of 15 year olds			No. of smokers		
a survey conducted at five	School	Male	Female	Male	Female	
12 $12$ schools on the rate of smoking	A	45	51	10	11	
amongst 15 year old students.	B	36	49	9	6	
$\frac{13}{49} = 0.25$ 1 The table shows data from a survey conducted at five schools on the rate of smoking amongst 15 year old students. a What is the probability that a randomly chosen fe-	c	52	19	13		
male 15 year old student at	D	28	33	9	10	
school C is a smoker?	E	40	39	7	4	
<b>b</b> What is the probability	Total	201	214	48	44	
that a randomly chosen 15				**		
year old student at school E is						
• If a 15 year old is chosen at r	andom fro	om the five	e schools, wl	nat is the p	probability	
T+L that he or she is a smoker?	N					
$\frac{40+39}{=11} = 0.137 \qquad \frac{48+}{201}$	บป	~	000			
48+	77	= ()	222			
11	511	0.				
$  = \bot = A   \chi_{1}$	214					
79 0.1-1						
L						

2	The given table shows	Reason	1998/99	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02		
	complaints received by the Telecommuni-	Access	585	1127	2545	-		
	cations Ombudsman	Billing	1822	2102	3136	3582		
	concerning internet	Contracts	242	440	719	836		
	services over a four	Credit control	3	44	118	136		
	year period.	Customer Service	12	282	1181	1940		
	year period.	Disconnection	n/a	n/a	n/a	248		
		Faults	86	79	0	2384		
		Privacy	93	86	57	60		
		Provision	172	122	209	311		
		Total	3015	4282	7965	9497		
	<ul> <li>What is the probability of the probabi</li></ul>	ling <sup>2</sup> <u>+2102+313</u> +282+7965- ity that a complaint ro	t received 6+35 F 9497 eceived in	82 <u>-</u> 2001/02 d	0.43	0		
	billing or faults?	36+1940+1 9497	248+	60+3	<u> </u>	- <u>0,</u>	372	



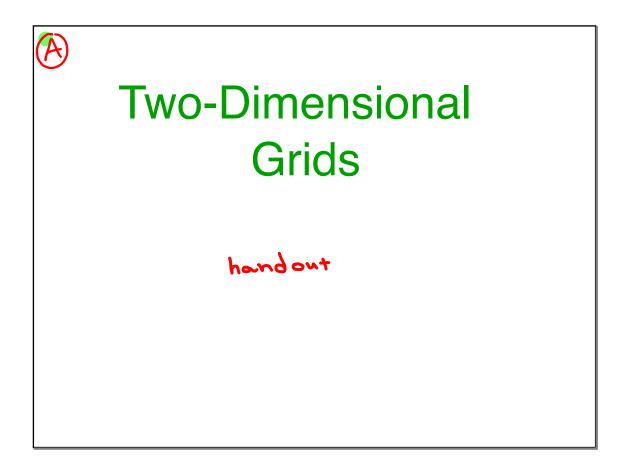


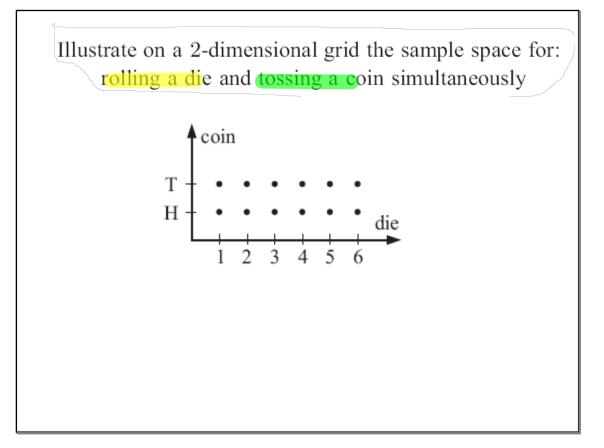
TOS COINS at a time What is the probability of getting exactly 2 tails? List all of the outcomes Strategy :

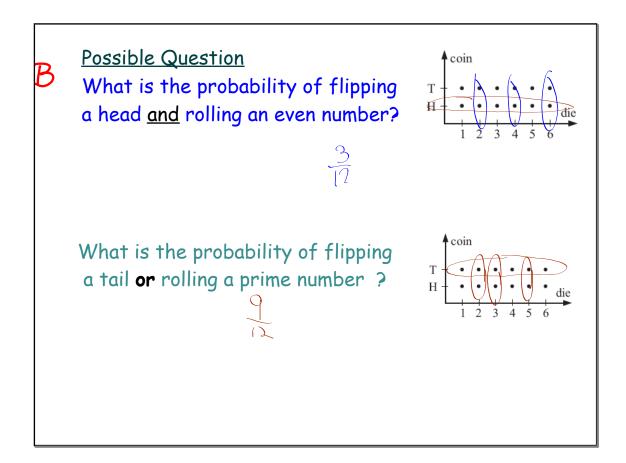


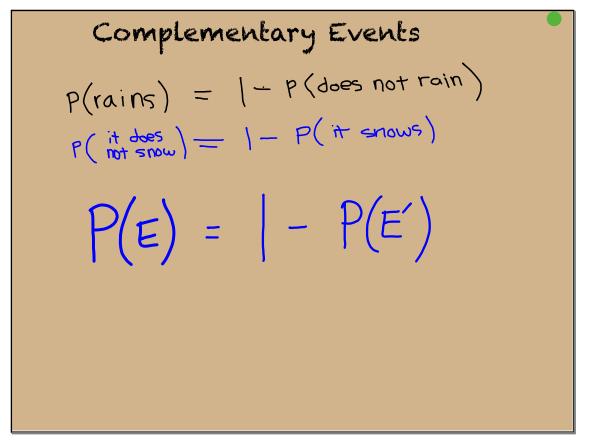
If you have 4 books with Authors Ben, Tammy, Chip, and Tanya If you line the books up randomly on a shelf, what is the probability the female authors will be adjacent?

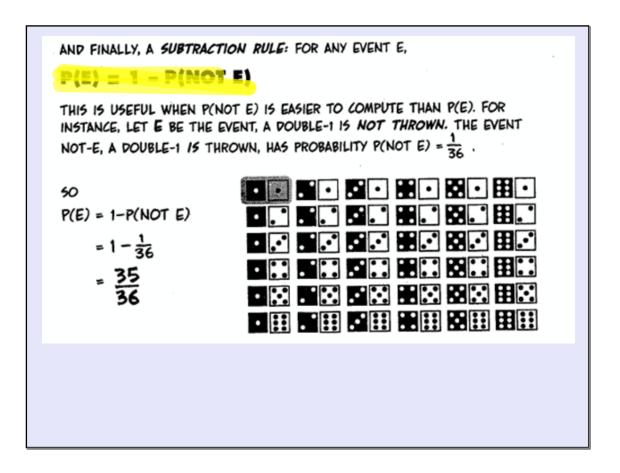
Goal: Calculate Simple Probability ..... Calculate Compound Probability Pick up a handour





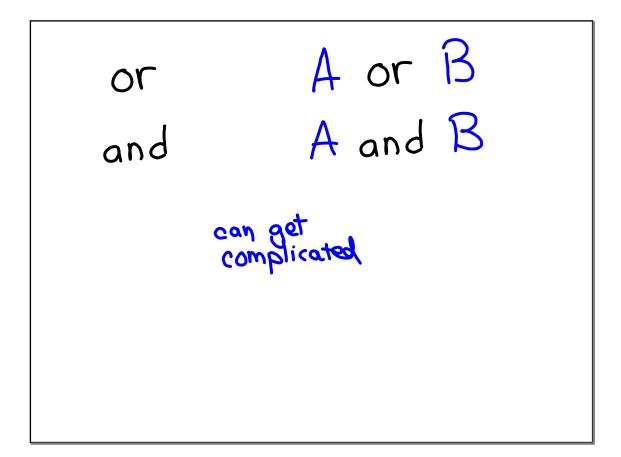


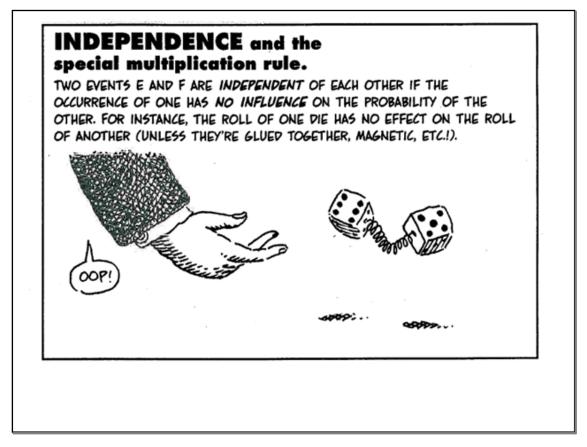


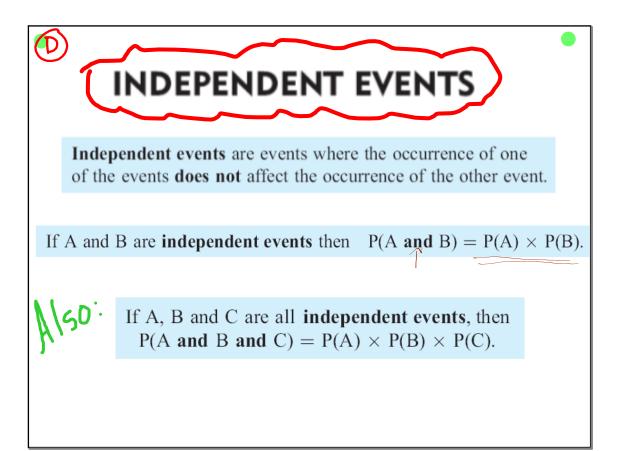


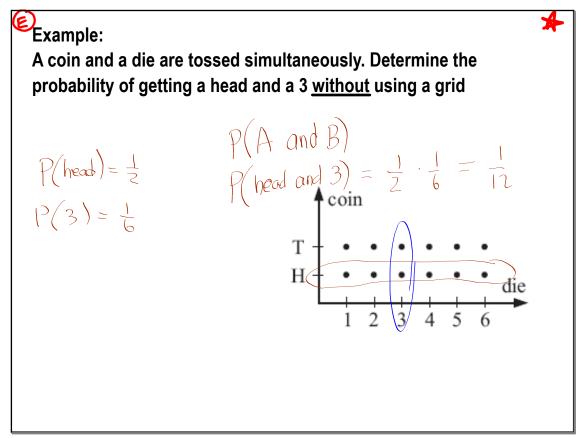
We'll look at Tree Diagrams and probability the next class.... but for now we will look at....

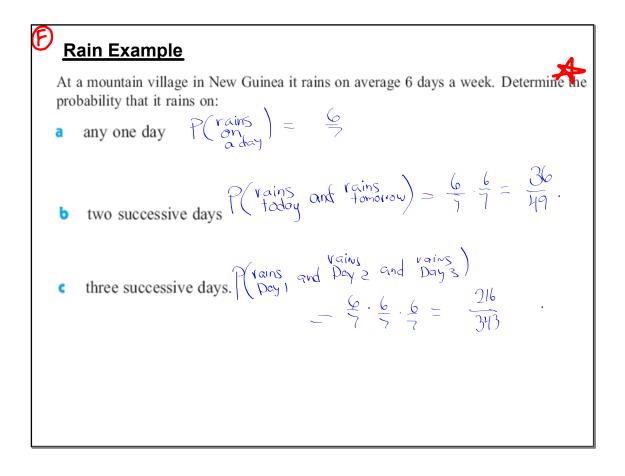
> Compound Probability

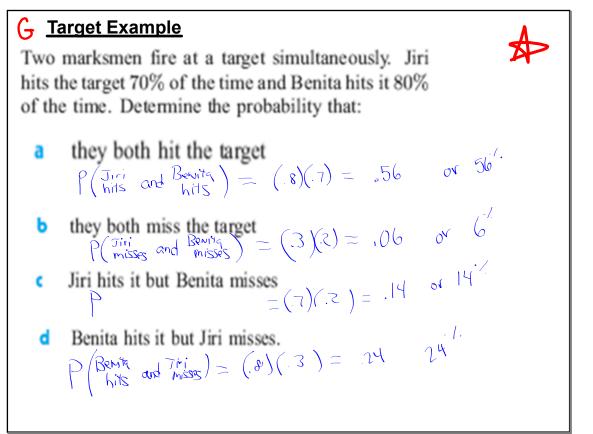


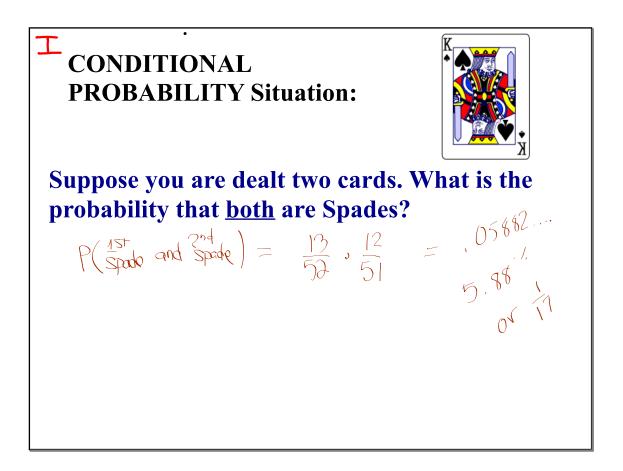


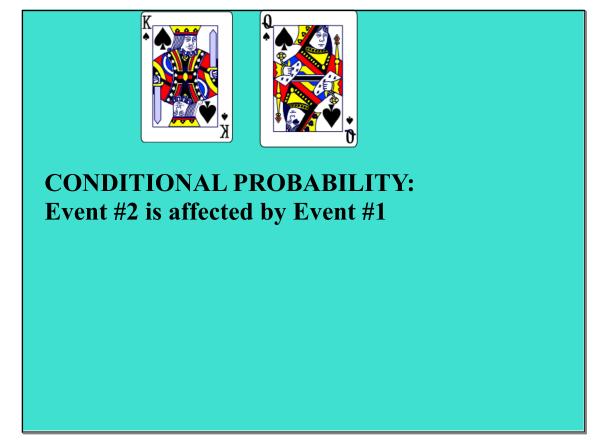












The chance of getting 1 Spade is 13/52 since: There are 13 total spades and 52 total cards

IMPORTANT: Probability has changed!! After getting Spade #1, there are only 12 Spades left and there are only 51 cards left. Probability of the second spade 12/51

## **CONDITIONAL PROBABILITY :** Multiplication

Probability (Spade #1) times Probability (Spade 2)

$$\frac{13}{52} \cdot \frac{12}{51} = .0588$$

