## Pick up the new Recording Sheet and the Warm Up



While you work, let me know if there are HW questions you want me to go over.

Area models can help rewrite expressions that involve multiplication?

The area model at right relates the expressions $(2 x-3)(3 x+1)$ and $6 x^{2}-7 x-3$.

$+1$| $2 x$ | -3 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $3 x$ | $6 x^{2}$ |
| $-9 x$ |  |
| $2 x$ |  |

Use an area model to find an expression equivalent to $(5 k-3)(2 k-1)$



d) Write $2 x^{2}+5 x+2$ as a product (in other words.... factor it!)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =(x+2)(x+1)^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

FACTORING QUADRATICS that are
Differences of Perfect Squares

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left.\left.w^{2}-81=w\right]^{2}-9\right]^{2}=(w+9)(w-9) \\
& \left.x^{2}-16 y^{2}=x^{2}-4 y\right]^{2}=(x+4 y)(x-4 y) \\
& \left.\left.4 m^{2}-1=2 m\right]^{2}-1\right]^{2}=(2 m+1)(2 m-1) \\
& 4 a^{2}+9 b^{2}=\text { can }+ \text { be factored }
\end{aligned}
$$

$12 a$

$$
\begin{aligned}
25^{\frac{-1}{2}}=\frac{1}{25^{\frac{1}{2}}} & =\frac{1}{\sqrt{25}} \\
& =\frac{1}{5}
\end{aligned}
$$

7

$$
\left(\frac{2 x^{5} y^{4}}{8 x y^{9}}\right)^{3}
$$

Bonnie

$$
\frac{8 x^{15} y^{12}}{512 x^{3} y^{9}}
$$

$\frac{\text { Dylan }}{4^{3}}$

$$
\left(\frac{x^{4} y}{4}\right)^{3}
$$

(5) a $(2 x-3)^{2}+5$
(b) $\left(\frac{3 x^{2} y}{x^{3}}\right)^{4}$
(6) (a) $\sqrt{4 x^{2} \cdot y^{4}}=\sqrt{4 \cdot \sqrt{x^{2}} \cdot \sqrt{y^{4}}}=$
(b) $\sqrt{8 x^{2} y}=\sqrt{8} \cdot \sqrt{x^{2}} \sqrt{y}=$
(c) $\sqrt{4 x^{2} y}=$
(d) $\sqrt{16 x y^{2}}$
(C) $\sqrt{8 x y^{2}}$

18 Describe the graph given the equation
a) $y=3$
b) $x=-2$
c) Where do the graphs cross

9

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 342=23 m+b \\
& 147=10 m+b
\end{aligned}
$$


(11) $3,9, \ldots$
Q. Airith
(b) Geom
(C) Neither
[2] (3) $25^{-\frac{1}{2}}=$
(b) $\left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^{-1 / 3}=$
(c) $9^{3 / 2}=$
(d) $10^{-3 / 4}=$

Continuing with
EQUIVALENT EXPRESSIONS
How can we be sure they are equivalent?

How would this look on a diagram?
What are other ways to find equivalent expressions?
textbook $3-17]_{b a^{2}+t} C$
For each, make two equivalent statements
(b)

(c)

$(x+8)(x+3)=x^{2}+11 x+24$

$$
(5 x-3)(2 x-4 y+5)=\begin{array}{r}
10 x^{2}+19 x+12 y \\
-20 x y-15
\end{array}
$$

## The substitution trick

a) In order to re-write $y^{4}-x^{2}$
substrate $\boldsymbol{U}$ for $y^{2}$
$U \rightarrow y^{2}$
$y^{4}-x^{2}$

$(u)^{2}-x^{2}$
$=(u+x)(u-x)$
$y^{2} \rightarrow U$
$=\left(y^{2}+x\right)\left(y^{2}-x\right)$
b) Re-write $9 x^{2} y^{4}-z^{6}=V^{2}-V^{2}$

Substitute $U$ for $3 x y^{2}$ and $V$ for $z^{3}$

$$
=(U+V)(U-V)
$$

re-substitute backwards

$$
=\left(3 x y^{2}+z^{3}\right)\left(3 x y^{2}-z^{3}\right)
$$

c) Solve the system $2 x+y^{7}=6$

$$
3 x-2 y^{7}=-5
$$

Substitute $\mathbf{U}$ for $y^{7}$

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { solution } x=1 \\
y=\sqrt[7]{4} \\
4 x+2 u=12 \\
+3 x-2 u=-5 \\
7 x=7 \\
x=1
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
>2 x+U=6
$$

$$
3 x-2 u=-5
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
2(1)+U=6 \\
2+U=6
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
2+U=6
$$

$$
B . B .
$$



## Assignment

3- 23ace, 25, 29c , 30, 31-32, 35ab

