


Pick Up the
WARM
UP

QUESTIONS on
HW



$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{-9x^3}{218x^2} = \boxed{-\frac{x}{2}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{4x^2y}{28xy} = \boxed{\frac{4x}{7}} \quad \frac{4}{7}x$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{-70x^2y}{100xy^2} = \boxed{-\frac{7x}{10y^2}}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \frac{\cancel{3}(x-5)\cancel{5}(5x+1)}{\cancel{5}\cancel{15}(x-5)} = \frac{5x+1}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \frac{2x-4}{x-2} = \frac{\cancel{2}(x-2)}{\cancel{x-2}} = \boxed{2}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad \frac{x^2+4x}{2x+8} = \frac{x\cancel{(x+4)}}{2\cancel{(x+4)}} = \boxed{\frac{x}{2}}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad \frac{n^2-16}{4n-12} = \frac{(n+4)(n-4)}{4(n-3)}$$

↖ can't
be simplified

$$\textcircled{8} \quad \frac{a-b}{b-a} = \frac{\cancel{(a-b)}}{\cancel{-(a-b)}} = \frac{1}{-1} = \boxed{-1}$$

$$\frac{7-1}{1-7}$$

$$3-10$$

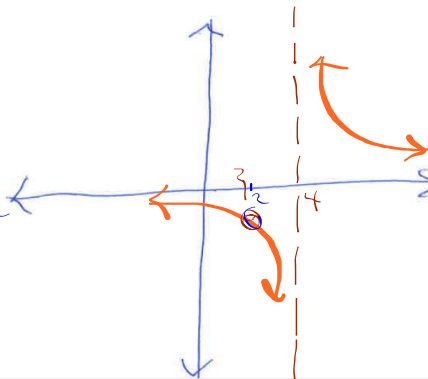
$$10-3$$

$$-(10-3)$$

9) Analyze the function $y = \frac{(2x-4)}{[(x-4)(x-2)]}$ ← needs double brackets

- a) sketch the graph
- include holes (if any)
 - include dashed lines for asymptotes (if any)

$$\frac{2 \cancel{B}}{B \cdot B}$$



b) Describe all discontinuities

hole at $x=2$

VA at $x=4$

HA at $y=0$

c) Domain:

$-\infty < x < \infty, x \neq 2, x \neq 4$

d) range:

$-\infty < y < \infty, y \neq 0$

Questions on HW?

78

a

$$\frac{x^2 - 8x + 16}{3x^2 - 10x - 8} = \frac{(\quad)(\quad)}{(\quad)(\quad)}$$

x^2	
x	
	16

~~| | |
|--|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |~~
 $-8x$

$3x^2$	
	-8

~~| | |
|--|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |~~
 $-10x$

78

a

$$\frac{x^2 - 8x + 16}{3x^2 - 10x - 8} = \frac{(x-4)(x-4)}{(3x+2)(x-4)}$$

$x-4$

x^2	$4x$
$x-4$	16

~~| | |
|--|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |~~
 $16x^2$
 $-8x$

$x-4$

$3x^2$	$-12x$
$2x-8$	-8

~~| | |
|--|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |~~
 $3x$
 2
 $-10x$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad \frac{10x+25}{2x^2-x-15} = \frac{\cancel{5(x+5)}}{\cancel{(x+5)}(x-3)} = \boxed{\frac{5}{x-3}}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad \frac{\cancel{(k-4)}\cancel{(2k+1)}}{\cancel{5}\cancel{(2k+1)}} \div \frac{\cancel{(k-3)}\cancel{(k-4)}}{\cancel{10}\cancel{(k-3)}}$$

$$\frac{k-4}{5} \div \frac{k-4}{10}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{k-4}}{5} \cdot \frac{10}{\cancel{k-4}} = \frac{10}{5}$$

79

$$4x+3 = 3x+3$$

b

$$3(x-4) - x = 5 + 2x$$

a

$$x=0$$

So 1 solution

$$3x-12 - x = 5 + 2x$$

$$2x-12 = 5+2x$$

$$-12 = 5$$

false statement

so no solutions

c

d

$$\boxed{81} \quad 5 + 3x < 5$$

$\begin{array}{ccc} & -5 & \\ \hline & 3x & < 0 \end{array}$

Inequality with 1 variable

$$\textcircled{b} \quad -3x \geq 8 - x$$

$\begin{array}{ccc} & +3x & \\ \hline & 8 - x & \\ & +3x & \\ \hline & 8 & \end{array}$

\geq

Alternative method

$$-3x \geq 8 - x$$

$\begin{array}{ccc} & +x & \\ \hline & 8 - x & \\ & +x & \\ \hline & 8 & \end{array}$

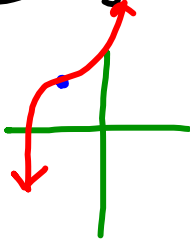
$$-2x \geq 8$$

$$\leq$$

84

$$y = (x+2)^3 + 4$$

a



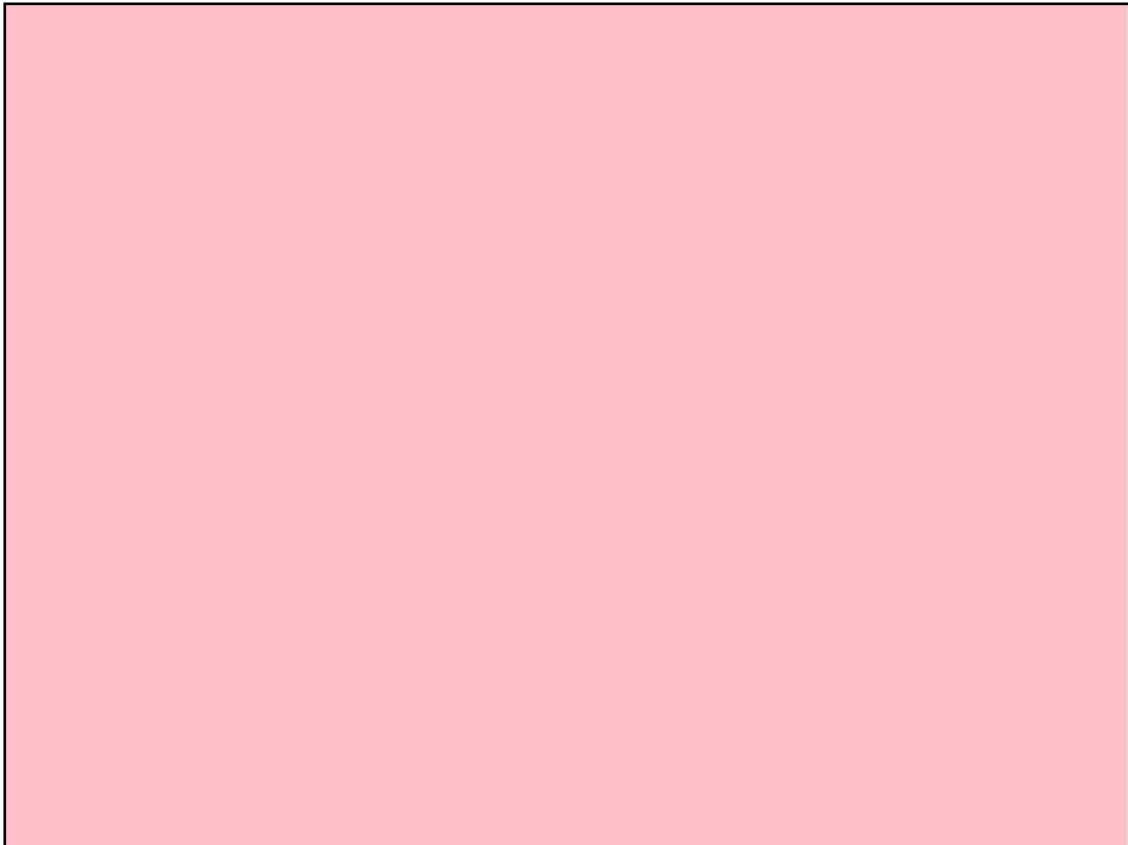
$$b \quad y = (x+2)(x+2)(x+2) + 4$$


$$y = (\quad) (x+2) + 4$$

the rest can be
seen in the
solutions

LATER TODAY. . . LCQ

- RECENT HW QUESTIONS
- RECENT CLASS "STUFF"
- SOMETHINGS FROM TODAY'S LESSON



 use your understanding of fractions to:

Multiply and Divide **Rational** Expressions

(ALWAYS factor first!)

Rational
Expression



Rational
Expression

will look like:

$$\frac{2x-5}{x+3} \cdot \frac{3(x+3)}{2x+10}$$

which means:

$$\frac{3(2x-5)(x+3)}{(x+3)(2x+10)}$$

do **3-87**

a, b, c, and d
for now

✓ Write down
✓ Then simplify

Write down restrictions on
a, b, and c only

a. $\frac{4x+3}{x-5} \cdot \frac{x-5}{x+3}$

\uparrow
5 \downarrow

$$\boxed{\frac{4x+3}{x+3}}$$

\downarrow
 $x \neq -3$
 $x \neq 5$

b. $\frac{x+2}{9x-1} \div \frac{2x+1}{9x-1}$

\downarrow

$$\frac{x+2}{9x-1} \odot \frac{9x-1}{2x+1}$$

\downarrow

$$\boxed{\frac{x+2}{2x+1}}$$

$x \neq \frac{1}{9}$
 $x = -\frac{1}{2}$

$9x-1=0$
 $9x=1$
 $x=\frac{1}{9}$
 $2x+1=0$
 $2x=-1$
 $x=-\frac{1}{2}$

c. $\frac{2m+3}{3m-2} \cdot \frac{7+4m}{3+2m}$

$$\rightarrow \frac{7+4m}{3m-2}$$

$$m \neq \frac{2}{3}$$

$$m \neq \frac{3}{2}$$

d. $\frac{(y-2)^2}{3y} \cdot \frac{y+5}{(y+2)(y-2)}$

↓

$$\frac{(y-2)^2(y+5)}{3y(y+2)}$$

now (e) and (f)

e. $\frac{15x^3}{3y} \div \frac{10x^2y}{4y^2}$

$\begin{array}{l}
 \xrightarrow{\quad} \frac{15x^3}{3y} \times \frac{2y^2y}{10x^2y} \\
 \xrightarrow{\quad} \frac{15x^3}{3y} \times \frac{2y^3}{10x^2y} \\
 \xrightarrow{\quad} \frac{15x^3}{3y} \times \frac{2y^2}{5x^2} \\
 \xrightarrow{\quad} \frac{15x^3 \cdot 2y^2}{3y \cdot 5x^2} \\
 \xrightarrow{\quad} \frac{30x^3y^2}{15x^2y} \\
 \xrightarrow{\quad} 2x
 \end{array}$

$2x$

$$\textcircled{f} \quad \frac{(5x-2)(3x+1)}{(2x-3)^2} \div \frac{(5x-2)(x-4)}{(x-4)(2x-3)}$$

No canceling factors if \div

$$\frac{\cancel{(5x-2)}(3x+1)}{\cancel{(2x-3)}^2} \cdot \frac{\cancel{(x-4)}\cancel{(2x-3)}}{\cancel{(5x-2)}\cancel{(x-4)}} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{3x+1}{2x-3}}$$

(2x-3)

$$= \frac{3x+1}{2x-3}$$

B.B.

Now
higher
level questions

- a) Write down the problem
- b) Factor everything first
- c) Then look for factors to cancel.

$$\frac{n^2 - 25}{10n + 20} \cdot \frac{2n^2 - 8}{n^2 + 7n + 10}$$

diff. of squares

$$\frac{n^2 - 25}{10n + 20}$$

simple factoring

$$10(n+2)$$

simple factoring

$$2(n^2 - 4)$$

factor as a normal trinomial

$$\frac{2n^2 - 8}{n^2 + 7n + 10}$$

$$\frac{n^2 - 25}{10n + 20} \cdot \frac{2n^2 - 8}{n^2 + 7n + 10} \rightarrow \frac{\cancel{(n+5)}(n-5)}{5 \cancel{10}(n+2)} \cdot \frac{1 \cancel{2}(n^2 - 4) \text{ DOS}}{\cancel{(n+5)}(n+2)}$$

$$\frac{n-5}{5(n+2)} \cdot \frac{\cancel{(n+2)}(n-2)}{\cancel{n+2}}$$

$$\frac{(n-5)(n-2)}{5(n+2)}$$

$$\frac{(n-5)(n-2)}{5(n+7)}$$

lastly

$$\frac{12x-18}{x-3} \div \frac{3x^2-9x-12}{6-2x}$$

do all factoring before
anything else

simple

$$\frac{12x-18}{x-3} \div \frac{3x^2-9x-12}{6-2x}$$

simple factoring then.....

simple

$$\frac{12x-18}{x+3} \div \frac{3x^2-9x-12}{6-2x}$$



$$\frac{6(2x-3)}{x-3} \div \frac{3(x^2-3x-4)}{2(3-x)}$$



$$\frac{6(2x-3)}{x-3} \cdot \frac{2(3-x)}{3(x-4)(x+1)}$$

$$\frac{12x-18}{x+3} \div \frac{3x^2-9x-12}{6-2x}$$



$$\frac{6(2x-3)}{x-3} \div \frac{3(x^2-3x-4)}{2(3-x)}$$



$$\frac{6(2x-3)}{x-3} \cdot \frac{2(3-x)}{3(x-4)(x+1)}$$



Assignment:

3 90 to 94, 96