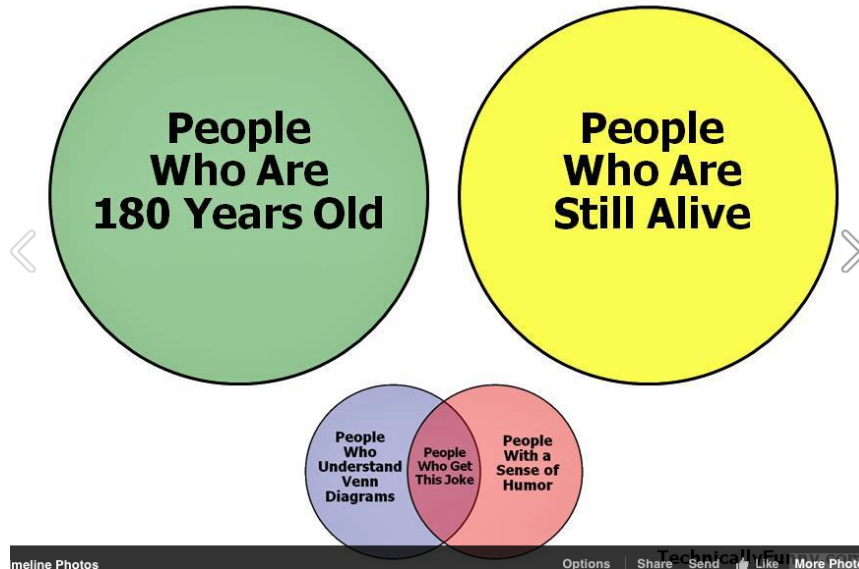


## In Honor of John Venn's 180<sup>th</sup> Birthday



Questions from Geom/Trig  
packet at end of  
period as time permits.

Can turn in by Wednesday  
(rather than tomorrow)

①

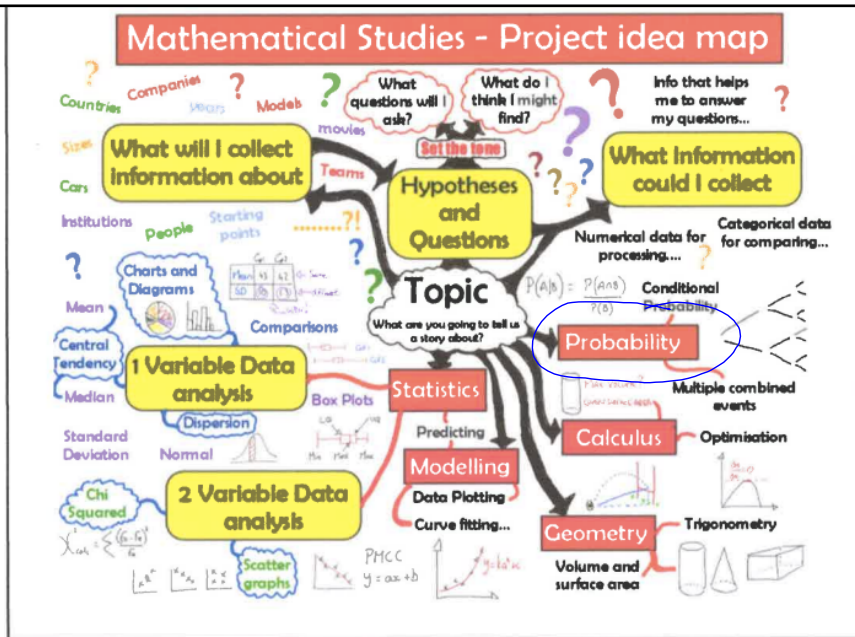
On the way to the library use the HW Tally as necessary.

②

Go to the LIBRARY to check out The soft cover

Mathematical Studies textbook

Write your name on the inside back cover of your book.



# Random Project Ideas

## The Height of Happiness

- Survey
- Happiness Index
  - measured height vs. reported height

## Military Might and Quality of Life around the world

Military size	Debt
Military Expenditure	GDP
	Literacy

Does winning the "draw" in Lacrosse really matter ?

*Read, Read, Read*

**An investigation of children in the 50 states to see if early reading rates produces a more highly educated population.**

# *Sets, Venn Diagrams and Probability*

H.H. textbook  
Ch. 1, 4, 13

Over the next two weeks there will be reduced outside of class homework so you can spend time establishing a project focus, narrow it down, and write your introduction (P3) by Friday Oct. 20th or before. ✓

There will a combination of in class assignments and out of class assignments, occasionally no homework or shorter assignments.

Many of these, including in-class assignments, will get recorded on

A city has three newspapers A, B, and C. Of the adult population, 1% read none of these, 36% read A, 40% read B, 52% read C, 8% read both A and B, 11% read both B and C, and 13% read all three newspapers. What percentage of the adult population read:

- a) Newspaper A only ?
- b) Newspaper B or newspaper C ?
- c) Newspaper A or B or C ?



The work we will do in this unit will enable us to organize the this information and deal with questions like the newspaper problem.

but first we need to :

- Understand Types of Number Sets
- Use Set Vocabulary
- Write in Set Builder Notation

Pick Up  
**W.S. #1**

Warm Up ----- Sets of Numbers

(look at your Notation List at the end of your Formula Packet)

List the factors of 10: \_\_\_\_\_

List the multiples of 3: \_\_\_\_\_

List the first six prime numbers: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13

List the first five numbers in the set,  $\mathbf{N}$ : \_\_\_\_\_

List a variety of numbers in the set,  $\mathbf{Z}$ : \_\_\_\_\_

List a variety of numbers in the set,  $\mathbf{Q}$ : \_\_\_\_\_

List a few numbers that are not in the set,  $\mathbf{R}$ : \_\_\_\_\_

*exactly  
2 factors  
1 and itself*



## Warm Up ----- Sets of Numbers

(look at your Notation List at the end of your Formula Packet)

List the factors of 10: 1, 2, 5, 10

List the multiples of 3: 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, ...

List the first six prime numbers: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13

List the first five numbers in the set,  $\mathbb{N}$ : 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

List a variety of numbers in the set,  $\mathbb{Z}$ : 7 -3 0 162 -11

List a variety of numbers in the set,  $\mathbb{Q}$ :  $\frac{2}{3}$  -0.23 6  $2\frac{1}{3}$   $0.\overline{12}$

List a few numbers that are not in the set,  $\mathbb{R}$ :  $\sqrt{-6}$   $3i$   $5-4i$

•  
a number in  $\mathbb{R}$  but not in any other above ??

### Warm Up •

Quietly read through HH

pp. 18-19 ✓

up to example 1

then answer as many questions as

you can on the **back** side

**"What Are Sets?"**

## What are sets?

### Definitions

In the table below, define the terms on the left hand side

Set	
Subset	
Union of two sets	
Complement of a set	
Intersection of two sets	
Element	

## What are sets?

### Definitions

In the table below, define the terms on the left hand side

Set	A collection of numbers or objects
Subset	A portion of a larger set
Union of two sets	A list of all elements of the combined sets $\cup$
Complement of a set	The elements <u>NOT</u> in the set.
Intersection of two sets	The elements that belong to <u>both</u> sets $\cap$
Element	A member

And now state what is meant by each of these symbols in the context of set notation

$\cup$	first set <b>or</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> set or both
$\cap$	first set <b>AND</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> set
$\in$	is an element of
$\subset$	proper subset

### Examples

Give an example of two sets of people that would have no intersection.

Give another where you would expect an intersection.

Now, a third where one would be a subset of another.

*example*

Let's make a union of sets A and B.

$$A \cup B$$

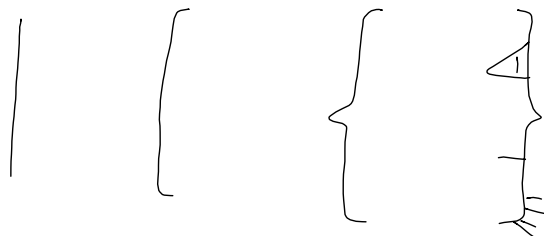
$$A = \{4, 7, 10, 13\} + B = \{-1, 0, 1, 2\}$$

$$\{-1, 0, 1, 2, 4, 7, 10, 13\}$$

- When giving a **list** showing the elements of a set,

use curly brackets:

e.g.  $A = \{3, 6, 9, 12\}$



# Learning Check

Consider the sets  $A = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$  and  $B = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$ . Which of the following are true?

$3 \in A$  ?

$4 \in A$  ?

$\{5\} \subseteq A$  ?

$\{5\} \subset A$  ?

2, 3, 5, 7

# Go back to the front side

Given two sets :  $A = \{1, -3, 5, -7, 9\}$        $B = \{\frac{1}{2}, 2, 4, -5, 5, 6\}$

Find the following.

1.  $A \cup B$

$$\{-7, -5, -3, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 9\}$$

3.  $\mathbb{N} \cap B$

Natural numbers

$$\{2, 4, 5, 6\}$$

2.  $A \cap B$

$$= \{5\}$$

4.  $\mathbb{Z} \cap A$

Integers

$$\{-7, -3, 1, 5, 9\}$$

5.  $N \cup B$                       6.  $(A \cap B) \cap N$

7.  $R \cap Q$

5.  $N \cup B$  <sup>all</sup>   
*Natural*  $\{-5, 0, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$

6.  $(A \cap B) \cap N$  <sup>And</sup>   
 $\{5\} \cap \{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$    
 $= \{5\}$

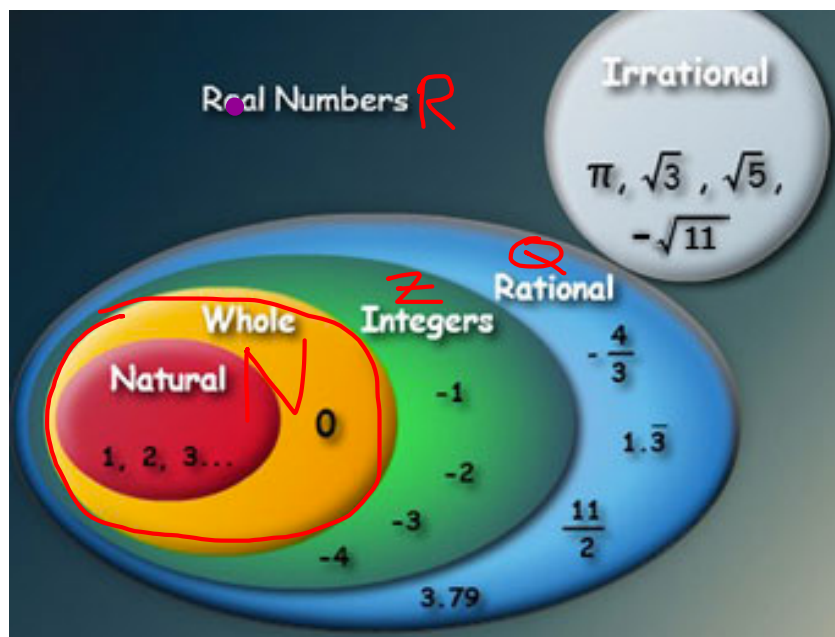
7.  $R \cap Q$    
*Real*  $\cap$  *Rational*   

- All natural
- All integers
- All decimals/fractions

 $\{Q\}$

$\sqrt{-6}$  ?i

$A = \{1, -3, 5, -7, 9\}$                $B = \{\frac{1}{2}, 2, 4, -5, 5, 6\}$



$\mathbb{Z}^+$



B.B.

Set Builder  
Notation

read page <sup>68</sup> 69 and 70

$$A = \{3, 7, 10, 13, 16\}$$

$$n(A) = 5$$

$$A = \{ \quad | \quad \}$$

$$A = \{x \mid x \in Z, -2 \leq x \leq 4\}$$

the set of all  $x$  such that

reads “the set of all  $x$  such that  $x$  is an integer between  $-2$  and  $4$ , including  $-2$  and  $4$ .”

Pick up WS #2

do  $\boxed{A}$  and  $\boxed{B}$  and  $\boxed{C}$

$\boxed{A}$

Finite or infinite?

$$\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Q}, 4 \leq x \leq 8\}$$

infinite

$$\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}, 4 \leq x \leq 8\}$$

finite

**B**

For the following sets:

- i Write down the meaning of the set builder notation.
- ii If possible, list the elements of A.
- iii Find  $n(A)$ .
- iv Is A infinite?

$$A = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}, -1 \leq x < 7\}$$

(i) the set of all  $x$  such that  $x$  is an integer between  $-1$  and  $7$  including  $-1$

(ii)  $A = \{-1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

iii  $n(A) = 8$

iv

**B**

For the following sets:

- i Write down the meaning of the set builder notation.
- ii If possible, list the elements of A.
- iii Find  $n(A)$ .
- iv Is A infinite?

$$A = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}, -1 \leq x < 7\}$$

i the set of all  $x$  such that  $x$  is an integer from  $-1$  to  $6$ .

ii  $A = \{-1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

iii  $nA = 8$

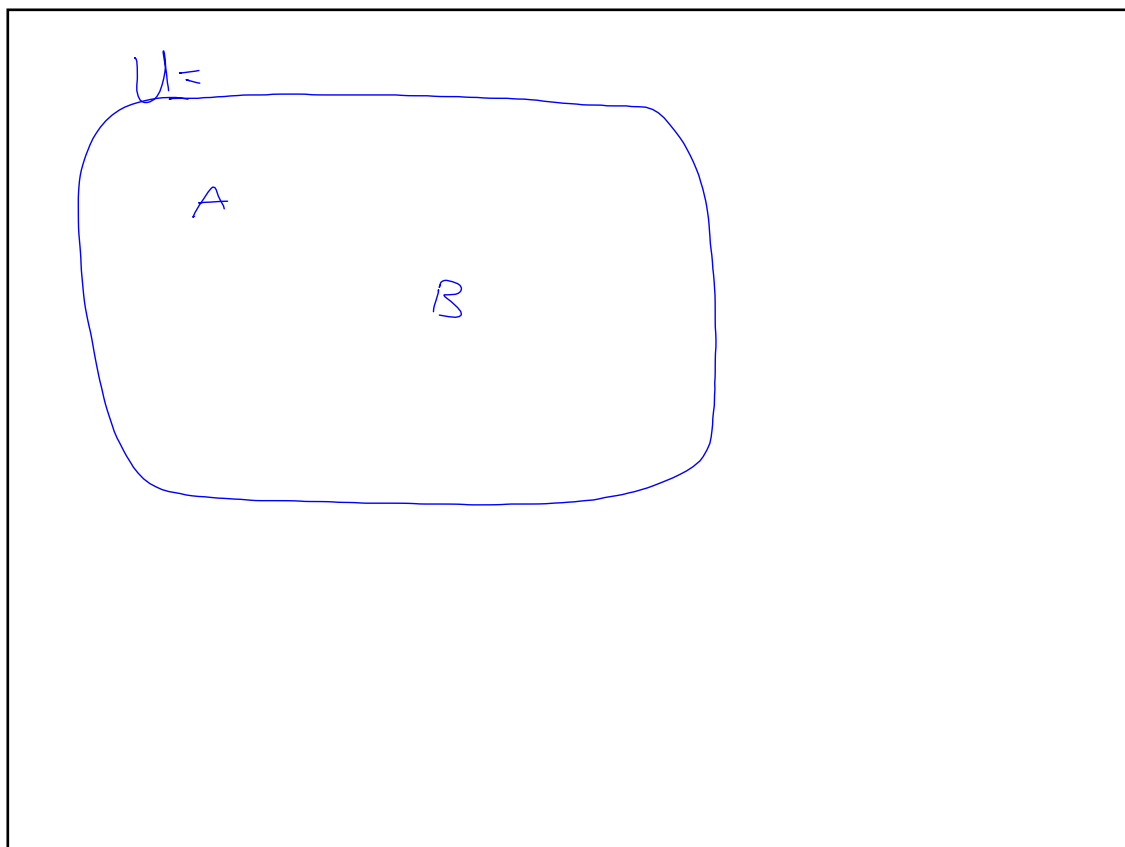
iv finite

C

Write in set builder notation:

The set of all rational numbers between 2 and 3, inclusive.

$$\{ x \mid x \in \mathbb{Q}, 2 \leq x \leq 3 \}$$



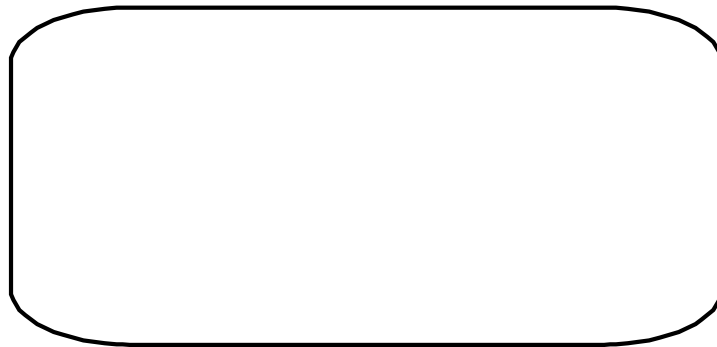
# Universal Sets

Read  
page 70

## Complements of Sets

The symbol  $U$  is used to represent a universal set.

$$U = \{x \mid x \in N, 1 \leq x \leq 10\}$$



1070

**COMPLEMENTARY SETS**

If the universal set is  $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$

and  $A = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 8\}$  then the

complement of A, denoted  $A'$  is  $A' = \{2, 4, 6\}$ .

**The complement of A, denoted  $A'$**

**is the set of all elements of U**

**which are not in A**

**D**

If  $U = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}, 0 \leq x \leq 8\}$ ,  $A = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}, 2 \leq x \leq 7\}$  and  $B = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}, 5 \leq x \leq 8\}$  list the elements of:

$$A = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$$

$$A \cap B = \{5, 6, 7\}$$

$$A' = \{0, 1, 8\}$$

$$A \cup B = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$$

$$B = \{5, 6, 7, 8\}$$

$$A \cap B' = \{2, 3, 4\}$$

$$B' = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

D

If  $U = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}, 0 \leq x < 8\}$ ,  $A = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}, 2 \leq x \leq 7\}$  and  $B = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}, 5 \leq x \leq 8\}$  list the elements of:

$$A = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$$

$$A' = \{0, 1, 8\}$$

$$B = \{5, 6, 7, 8\}$$

$$B' = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$A \cap B = \{5, 6, 7\}$$

$$A \cup B = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$$

$$A \cap B' = \{2, 3, 4\}$$

*Worksheet*

## Assignment:

WS: Assignment #1

part worksheet/part textbook